COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA COURT OF JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

IN RE:

Michael Lowry Traffic Court Judge Philadelphia County

6 JD 2015

BRIEF OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT BOARD

PART I: PROCEDURAL AND FACTUAL HISTORY

- 1. This action is taken by the Board pursuant to the authority granted to it under Article V, § 18 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to determine whether there is probable cause to file formal charges alleging violations of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the part of judges, justices, or justices of the peace; to file such charges when warranted; and to present the case in support of such charges before this Court.
- 2. Judge Lowry served continuously as a duly elected judge on the Philadelphia Traffic Court (PTC), First Judicial District, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, from January 2008 until he was suspended in 2013.
- 3. As a PTC judge, Judge Lowry was at all times subject to all the duties and responsibilities imposed on him by the Constitution of Pennsylvania and the Old Rules Governing Standards of Conduct of Magisterial District Judges, as applicable to PTC judges (effective prior to December 1, 2014).
- 4. Judge Lowry was suspended from his judicial duties without pay by Order of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania dated February 1, 2013, and thereafter suspended with pay by Order of the Court of Judicial Discipline dated October 25, 2013.
- 5. Judge Lowry was the subject of a federal investigating grand jury investigation regarding his participation as a PTC judge in the practice of giving favorable treatment in traffic court cases to certain defendants based upon *ex parte* requests; this practice became known as "special consideration."
- 6. On January 29, 2013, Judge Lowry and his co-defendants were indicted by the federal grand jury at *United States of America v. Michael J. Sullivan, Michael Lowry, Robert Mulgrew, Willie Singletary, Thomasine Tynes, Mark A. Bruno, William Hird, Henry P. Alfano, and Robert Moy, Criminal No. 2:13-cr-00039-RK. A true and correct copy of the Grand Jury Indictment is attached hereto and marked as Board Exhibit A, made a part hereof, and incorporated by reference as though set forth in full.*

- 7. The indictment charged Judge Lowry with one felony count of conspiracy to commit wire and mail fraud, 18 U.S.C. § 1349; nine felony counts of wire fraud, 18 U.S.C. § 1343; and one felony count of perjury, 18 U.S.C. § 1623.
- 8. Following indictment, Judge Lowry and his co-defendants proceeded to jury trial in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania on May 26, 2014.
- 9. On July 23, 2014, following trial, the jury convicted Judge Lowry of one count of perjury, a felony, which was charged at Count 69 of the Grand Jury Indictment. A true and correct copy of the Jury Verdict Form entered in *United States of America v. Michael Lowry*, Criminal No. 2:13-cr-000039-002, is attached hereto and marked as **Board's Exhibit B**, made a part hereof, and incorporated by reference as though set forth in full.
- 10. On January 14, 2015, United States District Judge Lawrence F. Stengel sentenced Judge Lowry to 20 months in prison, followed by one year of supervised release with 100 hours of community service. A true and correct copy of Judge Stengel's sentencing order at *United States of America v. Michael Lowry*, Criminal No. 2:13-cr-000039-002, is attached hereto and marked as **Board's Exhibit C**, made a part hereof, and incorporated by reference as though set forth in full.
- 11. Judge Lowry appealed his judgment of sentence to the Third Circuit Court of Appeals.
- 12. While Judge Lowry's appeal was pending, on April 14, 2015, the Board filed a complaint against him at 6 JD 2015 alleging two counts of misconduct arising from his felony conviction and sentence for perjury.
- 13. This Court stayed 6 JD 2015 during the pendency of Judge Lowry's direct appeal of his perjury conviction.
- 14. The Third Circuit affirmed Judge Lowry's judgment of sentence for perjury. **See United States of America v. William Hird, Thomasine Tynes, Robert Mulgrew, Michael Lowry, and Willie Singletary**, 913 F.3d 332 (3rd Cir. 2019).

PART II: VIOLATIONS OF LAW

Article V, § 18(d)(1): Felony Convictions

15. As the result of some or all of the facts set forth above at Part I, Judge Lowry violated Article V, § 18(d)(1) of the Pennsylvania Constitution.

16. Article V, \S 18(d)(1) states, in pertinent part, the following:

A justice, judge or justice of the peace may be suspended, removed from office or otherwise disciplined for conviction of a felony[.]

17. Due to his federal felony convictions imposed during the tenure of his judicial service, Judge Lowry violated Article V, § 18(d)(1).

Article V, § 18(d)(1): Disrepute

- 18. As the result of some or all of the facts set forth above at Part I, Judge Lowry violated Article V, § 18(d)(1) of the Pennsylvania Constitution.
- 19. Article V, \S 18(d)(1) states, in pertinent part, the following:

A justice, judge or justice of the peace may be suspended, removed from office or otherwise disciplined for ... conduct which ... brings the judicial office into disrepute, whether or not the conduct occurred while acting in a judicial capacity or is prohibited by law[.]

20. Judge Lowry's federal felony conviction and his conduct which resulted in such conviction constitutes conduct that brings the judicial office into disrepute.

PART III: ARGUMENT

A judge's conviction for a felony crime is, by itself, a violation of the Pennsylvania Constitution and establishes the facts underlying the conviction as *res judicata*. **See**, *e.g.*, *In re Jaffe*, 839 A.2d 487, 490 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc. 2003) (conviction of felony, of itself, establishes violation of Art. V, § 18(d)(1)); *see also Shaffer v. Smith*, 673 A.2d 872, 874-75 (Pa. 1996) (criminal conviction collaterally estops a defendant from denying the acts underlying the conviction in a subsequent civil trial unless or until criminal conviction is reversed on appeal). Judge Lowry was convicted of perjuring himself during a grand jury investigation regarding his activities in PTC in relation to the practice of "special consideration." This conviction establishes a violation of Article V, § 18(d)(1). *See In re Tynes*, 149 A.3d 452, 457 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc. 2016), *affirmed by* 177 A.3d 211 (Pa. 2018).

Second, this Court must consider whether Judge Lowry's felony conviction has also brought disrepute upon the judiciary. This Court has addressed the standard by which it will determine whether a judge's conduct brings disrepute upon the judiciary: "[T]he Board must make a persuasive showing that (1) the judicial officer has engaged in conduct which is so extreme that (2) it has resulted in bringing the judicial office into disrepute." *In re Smith*, 687 A.2d 1229, 1238 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc.1997). The determination of whether particular conduct has brought the judicial office into

disrepute is made on a case by case basis as the particular conduct in each case is scrutinized and weighed. *In re Miller*, 171 A.3d 367, 372 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc. 2016) ("Miller"); *In re Cicchetti*, 697 A.2d 297, 312 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc.1997).

In proving that certain conduct was "extreme," the Board must show a specific act or series of acts by a judge which result in a decline of public esteem for the judicial office. For the second element, "disrepute" necessarily incorporates some standard with regard to the reasonable expectations of the public of a judicial officer's conduct. **Smith** at 1238-1239; **In re Strock**, 727 A.2d 653, 657 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc.1998).

It can hardly be denied that a judge who lies under oath in the context of a federal grand jury investigation casts a pall over the entire judiciary. *Tynes*, at 457. Indeed, in *In re Sullivan*, 135 A.3d 1164, 1176 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc. 2016), in the context of the system of "special consideration," this Court indicated that PTC was the *sine qua non* of "disrepute." ("A more apparent case of conduct which brings the judicial office into disrepute is difficult to perceive."). Here, of course, the issue is not so much the system of "special consideration" itself, as it was in *Sullivan*, but, the lies, like Judge Lowry's, that sought to hide it. The fact that Judge Lowry engaged in criminal behavior independent of, but parallel to, the now exposed corrupt system in PTC only deepens the inescapable conclusion that Judge Lowry's conduct brought the judiciary into disrepute. *Tynes*, at 457.

Additionally, Judge Lowry's conviction qualifies as an infamous crime. The seriousness of this category of conviction is highlighted by the fact that the Pennsylvania Constitution bars any person so convicted from holding any office of trust or profit in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Pa. Const. art. II, §7. The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has defined the term "infamous crime," as referenced in Article II, §7, as including a felony or *crimen falsi* offense:

[W]e reaffirm that a crime is infamous for purposes of Article II, Section 7, if its underlying facts establish a felony, a *crimen falsi* offense, or a like offense involving the charge of falsehood that affects the public administration of justice.

Commonwealth ex rel. Baldwin v. Richard Baldwin, 751 A.2d 647, 653 (Pa. 2000).

In determining whether a particular offense qualifies as an infamous crime, Pennsylvania has relied on the seminal case *Commonwealth v. Shaver*, 3 Watts & Serg. 338 (Pa. 1842) as the guiding authority and its "classification referring to infamous crimes as felonies and *crimen falsi* offenses and not the juror disqualification language." *Baldwin*, 751 A.2d at 652-653. In *Shaver*, the Supreme Court explained what types of offenses were infamous and served to disqualify a person to give evidence as a witness:

treason, felony, and every species of the *crimen falsi* – such as forgery, perjury, subornation of perjury, attaint of false verdict, and other offenses of the like description, which involve the charge of falsehood, and affect the public administration of justice.

Shaver at 342.

Therefore, Judge Lowry's perjury conviction squarely qualifies as an "infamous crime" barring him from holding any office of trust or profit in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Independent from its classification as an "infamous crime," perjury is among the most serious of crimes by virtue of its grading as a felony offense under both federal and Pennsylvania law.¹ It is elementary that the heart of judicial proceedings is a truth-seeking process. When a witness testifies under oath falsely, such action undermines this truth-seeking process. It serves to injure the integrity of the judicial proceedings and even obstruct and interfere with its proper functioning.

The reasonable expectations of the public would include the expectation that a judge, the central figure in the judicial system, would not actively subvert, and thereby destroy confidence in, the very system in which that judge serves. As has oft been referenced, a judge must be like Caesar's wife and above all suspicion. In order to safeguard the public's trust and confidence in the judicial system, a judge must be a person of unimpeachable character and integrity.

A judge who provides materially false testimony – who lies – to an investigating grand jury into whether ticket fixing was occurring in the very court on whose bench the judge sits, sabotages and corrupts the central truth-seeking function of the courts. It is extreme conduct with the most damaging consequences to the system of justice. With pinpoint accuracy, it destroys public confidence, for how can the public have confidence in a court system where even judges disregard the oath to tell the truth? It is conduct that goes directly to the "sanctity of the judicial process" and, as this Court has previously opined, causes it to bring the judicial office, and not just the errant judge, into disrepute. *Miller*, 171 A.3d at 372; *In re Shaner*, 142 A.3d 1051 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc. 2016)(disrepute found where judge lied under oath at Judicial Conduct Board deposition; dismissed criminal complaint for improper reasons; and convicted of hindering apprehension or prosecution by making false statements); In re Nocella, 79 A.3d 766 (Pa.Ct.Jud.Disc. 2014) (disrepute found where judicial candidate repeatedly lied about his qualifications for judicial office). As this Court noted in Nocella, "We believe it to be beyond dispute that a judge—or one who would be a judge—who is willing to lie—and in official documents—and repeatedly. . .is not one who can be expected to encourage, indeed to insist that truth be spoken in his courtroom." Id. at 784. As in *Nocella*, Judge Lowry, a judge who was willing to lie before a federal grand jury investigating ticket fixing in the PTC - his own court - is not one who can be

¹ 18 Pa. Cons. Stat. Ann. §4902.

expected to insist on truth in his courtroom and who has, by his perjurous testimony before a federal grand jury, engaged in extreme conduct bringing disrepute upon the judiciary.

WHEREFORE, Michael Lowry, Philadelphia Traffic Court Judge, is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, Article V, \S 18(d)(1).

Respectfully submitted,

Richard W. Long *Chief Counsel*

DATE: April 15, 2019

BY:

Francis J. Puskas, II, Deputy Chief Counsel

Pa. Supreme Court ID No. 76540

Judicial Conduct Board

601 Commonwealth Avenue, Suite 3500

P.O. Box 62525

Harrisburg, PA 17106

(717) 234-7911

JUDICIAL CONDUCT BOARD EXHIBIT LIST

- A. A true and correct copy of the indictment filed against Judge Lowry at **United States of America v. Michael Lowry**, Criminal No. 2:13-cr-000039-002, on January 29, 2013, in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.
- B. A true and correct copy of the Jury Verdict Form entered in *United States of America v. Michael Lowry*, Criminal No. 2:13-cr-000039-002.
- C. A true and correct copy of the Judgment and Sentencing Order entered in **United States of America v. Michael Lowry**, Criminal No. 2:13-cr-000039-002.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

CRIMINAL NO. 13-

v.

DATE FILED: January 29, 2013

MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN MICHAEL LOWRY ROBERT MULGREW WILLIE SINGLETARY THOMASINE TYNES MARK A. BRUNO WILLIAM HIRD

VIOLATIONS:

18 U.S.C. § 1349 (conspiracy to commit wire

and mail fraud - 1 count)

18 U.S.C. § 1343 (wire fraud - 49 counts)

HENRY P. ALFANO

18 U.S.C. § 1341 (mail fraud - 18 counts)

a/k/a "Ed" or "Eddie"

18 U.S.C. § 1623 (perjury - 4 counts)

ROBERT MOY

18 U.S.C. § 1001 (false statements to FBI - 5

counts)

18 U.S.C. § 2 (aiding and abetting)

INDICTMENT

COUNT ONE

CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT WIRE AND MAIL FRAUD

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES THAT:

At all times relevant to this Indictment:

1. The conspirators used the Philadelphia Traffic Court ("Traffic Court") to give preferential treatment to certain ticketholders, most commonly by "fixing" tickets for those with whom they were politically and socially connected. By doing so, the conspirators defrauded the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the City of Philadelphia of funds to which the Commonwealth and the City were entitled.

I. Background

- 2. The Traffic Court was part of the First Judicial District of Pennsylvania. Traffic Court was composed of judges elected by the populace of the City of Philadelphia, as well as Senior Judges, Senior Magisterial District Judges, and Magisterial District Judges assigned to it by the Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
- 3. Upon commission as a judge of Traffic Court, each judge took a constitutional oath of office and swore or affirmed to discharge the duties of his or her office with fidelity. Traffic Court judges were required to attend yearly judicial ethics training in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania provided by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts, Minor Judiciary Education Board. This training included instructions (i) not to engage in ex parte communications with persons interested in a pending case; (ii) not to allow another judge to contact the judge assigned to a pending case to influence its disposition; (iii) to disqualify himself or herself if the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned because the judge has personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or personal knowledge of disputed facts, or knows the parties; (iv) to refrain from manifesting bias or prejudice in the performance of official duties; (v) to not lend the prestige of the court to advance the private interests of others or convey or permit others to convey the impression that such other persons are in a special position to influence the judge; (vi) to uphold the integrity and independence of the judiciary; (vii) to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety; (viii) to perform the duties of office impartially; (ix) prohibiting voluntary appearances as a character witness; (x) to be free of personal bias when making decisions and to decide cases based on the proper

application of law; and (xi) to not allow family, social, or other relationships to influence the judge's judicial conduct or judgment.

- 4. The full-time, elected Traffic Court judges earned approximately \$85,000 each in annual salary.
- 5. The Traffic Court judges presided over and adjudicated moving violations, commonly referred to as traffic tickets or citations, occurring within Philadelphia, issued by the Philadelphia Police Department and the Pennsylvania State Police, and other police entities.

 Traffic Court was responsible for the collection of fines and court costs resulting from guilty pleas and findings of guilt for violations of the Pennsylvania Motor Vehicle Code.
- 6. On a daily basis, ticketholders appeared before Traffic Court judges for their trials. It was not uncommon for a Traffic Court judge to preside over dozens of trials in one session. The trials involved an appearance by the ticketholder contesting his or her guilt and either an officer from the Philadelphia Police Department, a State Trooper, or another law enforcement officer, who prosecuted the ticket. The trials were conducted in a courtroom open to the public. At the hearing, a ticketholder could present documents and advocate for leniency or a favorable disposition, all of which took place in open court.
- 7. Traffic Court judges had several options when disposing of citations, including finding the ticketholder guilty of a different offense, guilty, not guilty, not guilty in *absentia*, guilty in *absentia*, guilty with reduction in speed, and dismissal. In addition, the ticketholder could engage in a plea bargain with the police officer or state trooper or other law enforcement officer.

- 8. Guilty adjudications subjected a violator to statutorily determined fines and costs of court, as well as possible statutorily mandated "points" on a driving record. The Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT) maintained a point system to help improve driving habits and to ensure safe driving in Pennsylvania. Upon a guilty adjudication of certain traffic offenses, such as improper passing, failing to yield or stop, exceeding maximum speed, and leaving the scene of an accident, PennDOT assigned "points" to the ticketholder's driving record. PennDOT also imposed sanctions, such as a license suspension, when a ticketholder accumulated a certain number of points on his or her driving record.
- 9. The moneys received from the fine portion of a guilty adjudication were equally divided between the City of Philadelphia and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The moneys received from the costs portion of a guilty adjudication were distributed to the following funds of the City of Philadelphia: (1) City Cost (for the City of Philadelphia's general fund); (2) City Cost 2 and 3 (for the City of Philadelphia's general fund); and (3) Live Stop (for the Philadelphia Parking Authority as well as the First Judicial District's procurement department). Additionally, the moneys were distributed to the following funds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: (1) E.M.S. (Emergency Medical Services fund, which provided training and ensured adequate emergency medical services throughout Pennsylvania, as well as provided money to the catastrophic head injury fund); (2) MCARE (Medical Care Availability and Reduction of Error fund, which helped compensate people injured by medical negligence); (3) J.C.P. (Judicial Computer Project, which funded the enhancement of computer technology in Pennsylvania courts); and (4) A.T.J. (Access to Justice fund, which provided money for legal aid for low income people and victims of domestic violence in Pennsylvania). For guilty

adjudications of citations issued by the Pennsylvania State Police, the moneys received were distributed exclusively to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

- 10. Upon an adjudication of not guilty or dismissal, the ticketholder did not pay any fines or costs.
- 11. Every adjudication was entered into a database maintained by the Traffic Court computer system. Thereafter, the ticketholder's file was electronically sent to XEROX (formerly ACS), an information technology contractor, located in Tarrytown, New York. Within several days of every adjudication of a ticket, XEROX (formerly ACS) forwarded the disposition file electronically to PennDOT in Harrisburg.

II. Overview of Traffic Court Citation Process from Issuance through Adjudication

- When issued by an officer, all traffic citations listed a date and time for a summary trial, which was approximately eight weeks from the date of the issuance of the ticket. The ticket further informed the ticketholder that he or she may plead guilty or not guilty within ten days of receipt of the citation. A guilty plea meant that the summary trial date was cancelled, and the ticketholder would pay the applicable fines and costs, as well as be assessed any applicable points against his or her driver's record. If the ticketholder did not notify Traffic Court of his or her desire to plead guilty or to proceed to trial within ten days, Traffic Court mailed a Notice of Impending Suspension of Driving Privileges to the ticketholder.
- 13. If the ticketholder pled not guilty within ten days of receiving the citation, Traffic Court mailed the ticketholder a Notice of Trial, which included the scheduled trial date, time, and assigned courtroom, and informed the ticketholder that any request for continuances must be made in writing accompanied by supporting documentation.

14. Citations were randomly assigned by the Traffic Court computer system to be tried in various courtrooms. Traffic Court judges regularly rotated courtrooms. Each week, the administrative judge assigned the judges to specific courtrooms for, and limited to, the coming week. Traffic Court employees were able to access the Traffic Court computer system to determine which judges were presiding over specific cases for that particular week.

III. The Conspirators

- 15. Defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN was elected a judge of Traffic Court in or about November 2005, and took the bench on or about January 5, 2006. On or about April 27, 2011, defendant SULLIVAN was appointed the administrative judge for Traffic Court by the Pennsylvania Supreme Court. SULLIVAN hired D.C. as his personal assistant, commonly referred to as a "personal," at Traffic Court. SULLIVAN was also the owner of The Fireside Tavern, a bar located at 2701 South Marshall Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- 16. Defendant MICHAEL LOWRY was elected a judge of Traffic Court in or about November 2007, and took the bench on or about January 3, 2008. Defendant LOWRY hired K.O. as his personal assistant at Traffic Court.
- 17. Defendant ROBERT MULGREW was elected a judge of Traffic Court in or about November 2007, and took the bench on or about January 3, 2008. Defendant MULGREW hired G.M. as his personal assistant at Traffic Court.
- 18. Defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY was elected a judge of Traffic Court in or about November 2007, and took the bench on or about January 3, 2008. SINGLETARY hired T.H. as his personal assistant at Traffic Court. In or about December 2008, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Court of Judicial Discipline held that defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY's

conduct during his campaign for Traffic Court judge brought the judicial office into disrepute in violation of the Article V, § 18(d)(1) of the Pennsylvania Constitution and that he violated Rules Governing Standards of Conduct of Magisterial District Justices. Specifically, the Court of Judicial Discipline found that defendant SINGLETARY, during a meeting with a motorcycle club called the Philadelphia First State Road Rattlers, solicited campaign donations and encouraged people to support him at the polls. The Court of Judicial Discipline further found that SINGLETARY's words and actions conveyed an impression that he would be partial to his supporters. Specifically, SINGLETARY said at the meeting:

You're all going to help me out? . . . There's going to be a basket going around because I'm running for Traffic Court Judge, right, and I need some money. I got some stuff that I got to do, but if you all can give me twenty (\$20) dollars you're going to need me in Traffic Court, am I right about that? . . . Now you all want me to get there, you're all going to need my hook-up, right?

The Court of Judicial Discipline concluded that SINGLETARY "was promising that anyone who gave him money would get favorable consideration from him if he was elected judge. This conduct is the pure antithesis of the concept of 'judge." As a result of these violations, the Court of Judicial Discipline ultimately imposed upon SINGLETARY a sanction of "public reprimand" followed by probation for a period of two years. The rulings of the Court of Judicial Discipline were available to the public and were widely reported by the media.

- 19. Defendant THOMASINE TYNES was a Traffic Court judge from 1989 until her retirement in 2012. She was the President Judge of Traffic Court, which was considered a ceremonial position, with no administrative powers, from 2005 to 2012.
- 20. Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., charged elsewhere, was appointed to fill a judicial vacancy on Traffic Court in 1997. From 2000 until 2002, Perri served as the administrative

judge. Perri hired defendant WILLIAM HIRD in 1997 as his personal assistant at Traffic Court. Perri became a Senior Judge in 2007. As a Senior Judge, Perri was eligible to accept assignments on Traffic Court when requested. In 2001, as administrative judge, Perri approved defendant HENRY P. ALFANO's business, Century Motors, Inc., for a no-bid towing and storage contract regarding vehicles designated by Philadelphia law enforcement agencies. Through this contract, Century Motors, Inc. derived significant income from vehicle owners for the towing and storage of their vehicles.

- 21. H. Warren Hogeland, charged elsewhere, was a Senior Magisterial District Judge assigned to Traffic Court. Hogeland took the bench on or about January 2, 2006, after serving as a Magisterial District Judge in Bucks County, Pennsylvania. As Senior Magisterial District Judge, Hogeland was eligible to accept, and accepted, assignments at Traffic Court. Hogeland, as a Senior Magisterial District Judge, did not have a personal assistant. Hogeland worked regularly with Court Officer M.T.
- 22. Defendant MARK A. BRUNO was a Magisterial District Judge from Chester County, Pennsylvania, who occasionally presided over Traffic Court cases.
- 23. Kenneth Miller, charged elsewhere, was a Delaware County District Judge from January 1970 until January 2006. He was granted Senior Judge status and worked in Traffic Court for approximately one year, leaving in 2008.
- 24. Defendant WILLIAM HIRD was the Director of Records for Traffic Court. Defendant HIRD served as Judge Fortunato N. Perri, Sr.'s personal assistant at Traffic Court from approximately 1997 to 2001. In 2001, Perri recommended that HIRD be promoted to the position of Court Administrator and given the title of Director of Records, which resulted in a

salary increase of more than \$20,000 for HIRD. At the time of HIRD's resignation from Traffic Court in or about November 2011, he was earning an annual salary of approximately \$80,000. Prior to his employment at Traffic Court, HIRD operated a floor covering business. HIRD also owned the Cannonball Tavern, a bar located at 2268 Kennedy Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

- automobile salvage company called Century Motors, Inc., located at 3101 S. 61st Street,

 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In 2001, Century Motors, Inc. obtained a no-bid towing and storage
 contract from Traffic Court, while Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. was administrative judge, regarding
 vehicles designated by Philadelphia law enforcement agencies to be towed and stored, at each
 owner's expense. Defendant ALFANO was the landlord for two gentlemen's clubs in

 Philadelphia: The Oasis Gentlemen's Club ("Oasis"), located at 6800 Essington Avenue,
 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; and Christine's Cabaret ("Christine's"), located at 6130 Passyunk
 Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. ALFANO had a business relationship with R.A., who
 owned and operated two towing companies. ALFANO also had a business relationship with
 another towing company called Gianna Salvage, Inc., located at 6800 Essington Avenue,
 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, located near the Oasis.
- 26. Defendant ROBERT MOY operated "Number One Translations," located at 926 Winter Street, Suite 2, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The Conspiracy

27. From in or about July 2008 to in or about September 2011, in Philadelphia, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania and elsewhere, defendants

MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN
MICHAEL LOWRY
ROBERT MULGREW
WILLIE SINGLETARY
THOMASINE TYNES
MARK A. BRUNO
WILLIAM HIRD
HENRY P. ALFANO
ROBERT MOY

and H. Warren Hogeland, Kenneth Miller, and Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., all charged elsewhere, conspired and agreed, together and with others known and unknown to the grand jury, to commit offenses against the United States, that is,

- (a) to devise and intend to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and to obtain money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and, for the purpose of executing the scheme and artifice and attempting to do so, place in a post office or authorized depository for mail matter, matter to be sent or delivered by the Postal Service, and take and receive mail matter, and knowingly cause to be delivered by mail according to the direction thereon, such mail matter, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341 (Mail Fraud), and
- (b) to devise and intend to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and to obtain money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and, for the purpose of executing the scheme and artifice, transmit or cause to be

transmitted by means of wire communication in interstate commerce, writings, signs, signals, and sounds, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343 (Wire Fraud).

Manner and Means

It was part of the conspiracy that:

- 28. Local politicians, including ward leaders, politically connected individuals, and others who, because of their influential positions in business, labor, or industry, or because of their social connections, asked Traffic Court judges or administrators for preferential treatment on citations issued to constituents, relatives, friends, and associates.
- 29. Defendants MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN, MICHAEL LOWRY, ROBERT MULGREW, WILLIE SINGLETARY, THOMASINE TYNES, and MARK A. BRUNO, as well as H. Warren Hogeland, Kenneth Miller and Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., contrary to rules of judicial ethics, for which they received annual training, as well as defendant WILLIAM HIRD, furthered and accepted those requests for preferential treatment because of political support (past, present, and future), business, social, or other relationship with the ticketholder, or opportunity to obtain some form of personal benefit.
- 30. In order to provide the requested preferential treatment, defendants MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN, MICHAEL LOWRY, ROBERT MULGREW, WILLIE SINGLETARY, THOMASINE TYNES, MARK A. BRUNO and WILLIAM HIRD, as well as H. Warren Hogeland, Kenneth Miller, and Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., used their positions at Traffic Court to manipulate Traffic Court cases outside the judicial process, thereby achieving favorable outcomes on traffic citations for politically connected individuals, friends, family members, associates, and others with influential positions. This manipulation, or "ticket fixing," consisted

- of: (1) dismissing tickets outright; (2) finding the ticketholder not guilty after a "show" hearing; (3) adjudicating the ticket in a manner to reduce fines and avoid the assignment of points to a driver's record; and (4) obtaining continuances of trial dates to "judge-shop," that is find a Traffic Court judge who would accede to a request for preferential treatment.
- 31. Defendants created and participated in an extra-judicial system, not sanctioned by the Pennsylvania court system, where they felt free to approach one another and exchange requests for preferential treatment or "ticket-fixing," without being rebuked or criticized by fellow judges. Upon one rare exception to this common practice, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY chided another judge for ignoring his request and failing to give "consideration" on a citation as SINGLETARY requested on behalf of SINGLETARY's family member who was driving without a license.
- 32. Traffic Court judges and the administrative staff who participated in the extrajudicial "ticket-fixing" commonly referred to requests for preferential treatment as requests for "consideration." Traffic Court judges used their personal assistants and courtroom staff to communicate these "consideration" requests to other judges, as well as to receive "consideration" requests from other judges, court administrators, and staff. Personals and other Traffic Court employees, familiar with the "consideration" process, also made preferential treatment requests on behalf of their friends or family. In working outside the judicial process, "consideration" enabled judges to "fix" tickets for, and to provide benefits to, well-connected individuals that were not available to the rest of the citizenry.
- 33. For years, even beyond the dates of the conspiracy charged, there existed a culture of "ticket-fixing" at Traffic Court. Both judges and high-level administrators at Traffic

Court perpetuated and furthered this culture of "ticket-fixing" through receiving, arranging, and honoring requests for "ticket-fixing." The "ticket-fixing" was pervasive and frequent.

- 34. When Traffic Court judges engaged in "ticket-fixing," they nevertheless reported the final adjudication to the various authorities, including PennDOT, as if there had been a fair and open review of the circumstances.
- 35. Traffic Court judges and staff kept this practice covert. Traffic Court judges and employees undertook steps to conceal the system of "consideration," by shredding paperwork, speaking to one another in code, and trusting only certain individuals and not others to carry out the scheme. This system was not discussed openly, and a well-understood conspiracy of silence fell over the system and its participants.
- 36. Because judges were assigned to preside over certain cases in a specific courtroom only several days before a hearing, if a judge was seeking preferential treatment for a specific citation, and that case was assigned to another judge, the judge communicated a "consideration" request through his or her personal or staff to the personal or staff of the judge hearing that citation.
- 37. Personals and courtroom staff regularly accessed the Traffic Court computer system to determine which judge was assigned to a particular trial in order to communicate the "consideration" request to that judge's personal or staff.
- 38. In acceding to requests for "consideration," defendants were depriving the City of Philadelphia and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of money which would have been properly due as fines and costs, as well as depriving the Commonwealth of property in the form

of the Commonwealth's ability to regulate safe drivers on its roadways through licensing suspensions and revocations.

- 39. Defendant HENRY P. ALFANO, a businessman in towing, scrap metal, and other businesses, used his clout with the Traffic Court to "fix" traffic citations issued to defendant ALFANO's friends, employees, and associates. To do so, ALFANO used his connection with Judge Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. ALFANO provided Perri with traffic citation numbers, the names of the offender on the citations, or the actual citations themselves. Perri was very responsive to ALFANO's requests for preferential treatment on Traffic Court matters. In one telephone conversation, after ALFANO mailed a citation to Perri, Perri said, "I see Century on it, it's gold."
- 40. Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., in turn, conveyed the information he received from defendant HENRY P. ALFANO regarding traffic citations issued to defendant ALFANO's friends, employees, and associates, to defendant WILLIAM HIRD to arrange preferential treatment, or "consideration," on the designated citations.
- 41. Defendant WILLIAM HIRD conveyed these "consideration" requests, through personals and court staff, to the judge assigned to each case. At times, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., through defendant HIRD, attempted to arrange for a specific judge to hear the case.
- 42. Typically, after a citation was adjudicated, defendant WILLIAM HIRD provided a computer printout from the Traffic Court computer system of the case disposition to Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., which Perri referred to as a "receipt." Perri, in turn, mailed these "receipts" to defendant HENRY P. ALFANO or directly to the ticketholder as confirmation that

the citation had been dismissed or otherwise disposed of. These "receipts" were not provided in the regular course of business by Traffic Court to ticketholders.

- 43. In return for Fortunato N. Perri, Sr.'s assistance with Traffic Court matters, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO provided Perri, free of charge, with a stream of benefits, including free car repairs, car maintenance, and car towing, as well as free videos and free seafood.
- 44. Defendant HENRY P. ALFANO regularly arranged for the repair work on Fortunato N. Perri, Sr.'s vehicles to be done by mechanics at his company, Century Motors, Inc., and mechanics at another towing company, which was owned by R.A., all without charge.

 ALFANO arranged for tow trucks from Towing Unlimited and Gianna Salvage, Inc. to transport Perri's vehicles between Perri's residence and Century Motors, Inc. Repair work included rebuilding an engine and installing a new transmission, as well as cosmetic and detail work.
- 45. In addition to the car repairs, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO arranged to deliver videos to Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. On approximately one dozen occasions, defendant ALFANO either mailed or hand delivered these videos to Perri free of charge. ALFANO obtained the videos through his associate, J.C., who owned a video store in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. ALFANO owned the property which housed the store. J.C. had borrowed money from ALFANO to renovate the store, presently owed money to ALFANO, and paid monthly rent to ALFANO.
- 46. In December 2009 and during 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO provided seafood, free of charge, to Fortunato N. Perri, Sr.

- 47. Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. assisted defendant HENRY P. ALFANO with Traffic Court cases in exchange for these gratuities. A telephone conversation, on or about December 21, 2010, illustrated this exchange. At that time, Perri updated defendant ALFANO about a Traffic Court notice that was to be mailed. Perri and ALFANO showed their mutual appreciation of each other by referring to each other as "the best." Perri said, "when you call, I move, brother, believe me. I move everybody." In appreciation, ALFANO offered to mail videos to Perri.
- 48. Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. also assisted other individuals with their Traffic Court matters. For example, defendant MARK A. BRUNO asked Perri for special assistance on a ticket issued to J.M.
- 49. Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. also assisted M.D., a local businessman, with Traffic Court matters. Perri received landscaping services from M.D's landscaping business, often free of charge or at reduced rates. Since 2001, Perri also assisted M.D.'s brother, A.D., who owned and operated a material and delivery company and a construction company, with dozens of Traffic Court citations. A.D. installed a patio for Perri at no charge.
- 50. Defendant WILLIAM HIRD furthered Fortunato N. Perri, Sr.'s requests for preferential treatment in part because defendant HIRD was originally hired by Perri to work at Traffic Court, and because Perri was instrumental in assisting HIRD to obtain various promotions, with salary increases, within Traffic Court. As a result, HIRD was extremely loyal to Perri. In one phone call on or about March 21, 2011, HIRD expressed gratitude to Perri: "I'm so thankful for what you did to me. For me, it's unbelievable. . . . I got a pension because of you." In another call on or about January 19, 2011, HIRD told Perri that without Perri he would

still be installing carpet and "moving furniture . . . around." Perri responded "don't forget, whenever I call you, it's really important." During the period of the conspiracy, and even after Perri was retired from active service on Traffic Court, HIRD regularly addressed Perri as "Chief," as a form of endearment and respect.

- 51. Defendant WILLIAM HIRD, as a high-level administrator at Traffic Court, used his unique position in Traffic Court to facilitate the numerous requests for "consideration" presented to him by Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., local politicians, and others.

 Defendant HIRD's close relationship with many of the Traffic Court judges enabled him to speak directly to a judge or through the judge's personal assistant and courtroom staff about specific "consideration" requests. HIRD also directed his underlings to convey these "consideration" requests to the judges.
- 52. Defendant WILLIAM HIRD also facilitated requests for preferential treatment from local politicians, including two Philadelphia ward leaders. Defendant HIRD also received requests for "consideration" from a retired Traffic Court judge, Kenneth Miller.
- 53. Defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN used his position to "fix" traffic citations on behalf of family, friends, Fireside Tavern customers, a former politician, and a Philadelphia ward leader.
- 54. In facilitating this preferential treatment, defendant MICHAEL J.

 SULLIVAN directed individuals to leave their traffic citations or related documents at the

 Fireside Tavern for him, where employees of the Fireside Tavern placed the Traffic Court

 documents in a box behind the bar. In or about February 2010, there was one handwritten note in
 the box that stated:

R.H. 267-372-65[xx] Ticket Friend of [ward leader]

The citation for R.H. involved a prohibited turn.

- 55. Defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN both received requests for "consideration" from other judges' personals and made requests for "consideration" to other judges, as communicated through the personals and court staff.
- 56. Defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY participated in the extrajudicial "ticket-fixing" by handling requests for "consideration" from other judges and making such requests to other judges.
- 57. Defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY furthered requests for preferential treatment on behalf of friends, associates, and local politicians, including a staff person for a City Councilperson, and a staff person on the Philadelphia Democratic City Committee. Defendant SINGLETARY either adjudicated these citations himself or he requested other judges to "fix" them.
- 58. Defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY also "fixed" traffic citations on behalf of defendant ROBERT MOY, a local businessman who provided Traffic Court services to his customers. Defendant MOY, who, at times, guaranteed his paying customers favorable results on their Traffic Court citations, used his close relationship with defendant SINGLETARY to arrange his customers' tickets to be assigned to SINGLETARY and for SINGLETARY to "fix" those tickets.

- 59. Defendant MICHAEL LOWRY regularly "fixed" and facilitated the "fixing" of traffic tickets for family and local politicians, including two Philadelphia ward leaders.
- 60. Defendant MICHAEL LOWRY directed his staff to approach other judges, through their respective personals, to "fix" citations.
- 61. Defendant MICHAEL LOWRY "fixed" traffic citations for other judges when they approached his personal and asked for "consideration."
- 62. Defendant ROBERT MULGREW regularly "fixed" and facilitated the "fixing" of traffic tickets for local politicians, including a Philadelphia ward leader.
- 63. Defendant ROBERT MULGREW directed his staff to approach other judges, through their respective personals, to "fix" citations.
- 64. Defendant ROBERT MULGREW "fixed" traffic citations for other judges when they approached his personal and asked for "consideration."
- 65. Defendant THOMASINE TYNES, who also had a close relationship with defendant ROBERT MOY, facilitated defendant MOY's requests for "consideration." Prior to trials, defendant MOY corresponded with TYNES about which of MOY's customers were scheduled to appear before TYNES, and TYNES provided "consideration" to these individuals.
- 66. Defendant THOMASINE TYNES both received requests for "consideration" from other judges' personals and made requests for "consideration" to other judges, as communicated through the personals and court staff.
- 67. Defendant ROBERT MOY regularly received preferential treatment on behalf of his paying customers from both defendant THOMASINE TYNES, whom defendant

MOY referred to as "Mom," and defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY. Given his close connection to defendants TYNES and SINGLETARY, MOY, at times, was able to promise his customers that they would not receive any "points" on their driving records as a result of the adjudication of citations. In fact, MOY advertised in a local newspaper called China News Weekend as follows, in part:

Number One Translation/Professional license.

Telephone: 215-592-7930.

Fax: 215-853-8698.

926 Winter Street, 2/FL, Suite 2, Philadelphia, PA 19107

Provides all kinds of translations services. Tackles the traffic ticket, and passes the exams for driver's license. Citizenship application, and fills out all kinds of forms:

* Tackles the traffic ticket, and guarantees no points or fewer points. Help you quickly regain your vehicle that is towed away or impounded in Philadelphia.

MOY manipulated the scheduling of his customers' trials through Requests for Continuance and thus steered his customers' trials toward TYNES and SINGLETARY to secure favorable outcomes. MOY regularly informed TYNES and SINGLETARY which of his customers were to appear before them. This advance notice further enabled the "fixing" of tickets for MOY's customers.

Overt Acts

1. In or about September 2009, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO arranged for repair work and maintenance to be conducted, free of charge, on Perri's Cadillac and Taurus, as well as Perri's family member's Ford Expedition and Chrysler 300. Also at this time, defendant ALFANO arranged for Perri's vehicles to be towed from Perri's residence to the mechanics and back again.

- 2. On or about September 29, 2009, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO informed a ticketholder, B.D., that "they" had to "re-enlist that case" "because they did not like who it was in front of," referring to the practice of defendant WILLIAM HIRD and Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. to arrange for certain cases to be assigned to specific judges to maximize the likelihood of a favorable outcome. The case was ultimately heard by defendant ROBERT MULGREW, who found ticketholder B.D. not guilty.
- 3. In or about January 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO arranged for repair work and maintenance to be conducted, free of charge, on Perri's Cadillac and Taurus, as well as Perri's family member's Ford Expedition and Chrysler 300. Also at this time, defendant ALFANO arranged for Perri's vehicles to be towed from Perri's residence to the mechanics and back again.
- 4. On or about January 22, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO had a telephone conversation with Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. in which Perri expressed concern that all the repairs being done by defendant ALFANO for Perri was "becoming like a one way street on my end, . . . I like a two way street." Defendant ALFANO responded that "if I [ALFANO] need something you're [Perri] going to do it."
- 5. On or about February 2, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO spoke with Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. about repairs on Perri's Cadillac and Perri requested that defendant ALFANO send some pictures in an envelope in the car when the car is sent back to Perri.
- 6. On or about February 5, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO told Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. that he forgot "to put the package of films in the trunk" but that he would "get 'em to you."

- 7. On or about February 19, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. acknowledged to defendant HENRY P. ALFANO that defendant ALFANO had saved Perri's daughter \$10,000 in repairs.
- 8. On or about February 23, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO had a conversation with J.C. in which J.C. advised defendant ALFANO that he had received a parking ticket. ALFANO stated that Perri "can't fix them" because parking tickets go to the Parking Authority and not Traffic Court. Nonetheless, ALFANO told J.C. to give him the ticket and ALFANO would "see what [he] can do . . . I'll try . . . I don't know if it is possible, but I'll give it a good try."
- 9. The next day, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO asked Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. for help with J.C.'s parking ticket and Perri told defendant ALFANO to mail him the ticket. Perri also instructed ALFANO to "pack [the videos] real nice . . . tape 'em and all."
- HIRD had a telephone conversation discussing citations which defendant HENRY P. ALFANO wanted "fixed." Perri said, "I got a matter for the 12th. It's one of Eddie's [defendant ALFANO]. . . . There is another one here he just mailed It is a two ticket thing." Perri said he would give the tickets to defendant HIRD the next day. HIRD also explained that he had another one of "Eddie's" [ALFANO's] "on the 10th." HIRD explained that he did not "know who [which Traffic Court judge] is in there, but we'll see . . . but we'll figure it out I'll work it out."
- 11. On or about May 18, 2010, Perri had a telephone conversation with defendant HENRY P. ALFANO, explaining to him that he asked for a continuance on certain

tickets because "the district justices were sitting" because "all the judges were away last week" and "maybe I [Perri] could not get it through you know what I mean?" Defendant ALFANO responded, "I gotcha. I got the picture."

- 12. In or about July 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO arranged for repair work and maintenance to be conducted, free of charge, on Perri's Cadillac and Taurus, as well as Perri's family member's Ford Expedition and Chrysler 300. Also at this time, defendant ALFANO arranged for Perri's vehicles to be towed from Perri's residence to the mechanics and back again.
- 13. In or about October 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO arranged for repair work and maintenance to be conducted, free of charge, on Perri's Cadillac and Taurus, as well as Perri's family member's Ford Expedition and Chrysler 300. Also at this time, defendant ALFANO arranged for Perri's vehicles to be towed from Perri's residence to the mechanics and back again.
- 14. On or about December 9, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO and Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. discussed Perri's seafood request, including dozens of shrimp and crabcakes. Perri suggested that he would pay because "this is a lot of money," but defendant ALFANO refused.
- 15. On or about December 21, 2010, ALFANO told Perri that his business associate would deliver the seafood to Perri the next day.
- 16. On or about December 9, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. and M.D. had a telephone conversation in which Perri offered to help M.D. with construction equipment that had been impounded by Philadelphia police on Route 1.

- 17. On or about December 10, 2010, defendant WILLIAM HIRD spoke with a Philadelphia ward leader, about the impoundment of the ward leader's son's truck. The ward leader said he already called defendant MICHAEL LOWRY about this.
- 18. In a telephone conversation on or about January 14, 2011, defendant MARK A. BRUNO and Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. discussed "fixing" a citation received by J.M. Perri offered to "look into it," stating that he still "got a little connections." During the call, Perri took credit for "putting" defendant BRUNO in Traffic Court to preside over cases.
- 19. In calls after on or about January 14, 2011, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. discussed defendant MARK A. BRUNO's request to "fix" J.M.'s ticket with defendant WILLIAM HIRD. Both defendant HIRD and Perri discussed measures to remove any points assessed on the ticket.
- On or about March 15, 2011, defendant WILLIAM HIRD had a telephone conversation with another Philadelphia ward leader about "fixing" a specific ticket. The ward leader told defendant WILLIAM HIRD that he wanted to slide an item under defendant HIRD's door, referring to a traffic citation. HIRD instructed the ward leader to put "H" on it so that HIRD knew it was from the ward leader. The next day, HIRD and the ward leader further discussed the citation. The ward leader said that the ticketholder wanted to avoid points. HIRD said that the ticket would likely be reduced to 10 mph or 5 mph over the speed limit and that with 10 mph there would still be points assigned. HIRD said, "I'll ask for 5 over but I don't know that'll happen because it's 90 . . . they don't normally go down to 5 . . . and its State Police . . . they got the equipment . . . they got radar, they got tracker." In another call that day, the ward

leader asked whether the ticketholder even had to show up for the trial, and HIRD agreed that the ticketholder should plead not guilty.

21. On or about May 12, 2011, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN had a telephone conversation with an individual known as "Pop" about "fixing" Pop's son's citation for going through a red light. "Pop" told defendant SULLIVAN that he "need [ed] [SULLIVAN] to take care of [it] for me." SULLIVAN said he'd "look into it." In a subsequent call, SULLIVAN told "Pop" to leave the ticket at the bar and SULLIVAN said he would "tell you what you got to do . . . and I'll handle it."

Acts Related to Citation No. S02459903, Issued on 10/31/09 (Ticket # 1 - R.C.C.)

- 22. On or about January 4, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. and defendant HENRY P. ALFANO discussed R.C.C.'s citation, which R.C.C. received on October 31, 2009, from a Philadelphia police officer for having an expired inspection sticker and which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$126.50. In this call, Perri requested that defendant ALFANO give Perri the number for R.C.C.'s citation. Defendant ALFANO said he would ask R.C.C.'s father for that information.
- 23. On or about January 5, 2010, H. Warren Hogeland adjudicated R.C.C.'s ticket as not guilty.
- 24. On or about January 15, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO updated Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. about the repairs on Perri's car. During the course of the conversation, Perri stated that he mailed a "receipt" to R.C.C.'s father. Perri inquired whether R.C.C.'s father received the "receipt."

Acts Related to Citation No. P1J0PK568L4, Issued on 02/15/10 (Ticket No. 2 – A.S.)

- 25. On or about February 17, 2010, A.S. visited defendant HENRY P.

 ALFANO at Century Motors, Inc. to discuss a citation that A.S. received two days earlier from a

 Pennsylvania State Trooper for driving a tractor trailer that was dropping ice and snow onto

 travel lanes, striking vehicles on Interstate 95, and which carried a fine of \$300 and costs of

 \$142.
- 26. On or about March 8, 2010, A.S. contacted defendant HENRY P.

 ALFANO about his matter in Traffic Court. Referring to a March 3, 2010, notification from

 Traffic Court that his driving privileges were being suspended because he failed to respond to the traffic citation, A.S. said he will "drop [the Traffic Court information] off" to defendant ALFANO. ALFANO stated, "we'll take care of it . . . we're working on it."
- 27. On or about March 15, 2010, in an interstate telephone call between Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., in Pennsylvania, and defendant HENRY P. ALFANO, in New Jersey, defendant ALFANO told Perri that he was working on deodorizing Perri's car. ALFANO confirmed that Perri received A.S.'s "thing" that ALFANO sent Perri in the mail. Perri stated that "it will be alright, don't worry about it."
- 28. On or about March 26, 2010, A.S. told defendant HENRY P. ALFANO that he received a Notice of License Suspension because he did not plead guilty or not guilty. Defendant ALFANO told him that "he [Perri] already did that for you." ALFANO told A.S. to bring him the Notice and ALFANO will send it to Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. again. ALFANO said that he already spoke to Perri about A.S.'s citation and that Perri said everything was okay and

that Perri would send a receipt when the case was over. ALFANO assured A.S. that his license would not be suspended. ALFANO speculated that the notice is just computer generated because A.S.'s case was already "set up for April the 20th."

- 29. On or about March 26, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO told Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. that A.S. received another Notice of License Suspension and was concerned because he was a truck driver and cannot have a suspended license. Perri told defendant ALFANO that Perri was "on top of that . . . I don't want you worry about that." Perri instructed ALFANO to mail the notice to Perri. ALFANO told Perri that he was working on Perri's Ford Taurus to correct the oil leak and clean the car.
- 30. In a subsequent call on this same date, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO assured A.S. that Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. had "it under control." Defendant ALFANO further told A.S. that he did not have to appear at the Traffic Court hearing because Perri is "gonna handle it.

 ... it's just gonna be knocked out."
- 31. On or about March 27, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. and defendant WILLIAM HIRD discussed A.S.'s citation. Perri said that "the guy keeps getting letters" from Traffic Court that his license may be suspended. Defendant HIRD said he would look into it and "stop all that action," and that the ticketholder should "ignore it."
- 32. On or about April 20, 2010, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN adjudicated A.S.'s citation as not guilty, even though A.S. never appeared in court.
- 33. On or about May 12, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO told A.S. that he should have his "receipt in a couple of days."

34. On or about May 12, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. and defendants
WILLIAM HIRD and MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN caused a "receipt" to be mailed to A.S., which
documented that his citation was adjudicated not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. VOO311146, V00311150, V00311161, and V00311172, <u>Issued on 03/06/10</u> (Tickets #3 through #6 – L.R. and the Oasis)

- 35. On or about March 6, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO called Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. to discuss an Oasis bus, driven by L.R., that was impounded by the police on that date. (A Philadelphia police officer issued two citations to L.R. for not having a CDL (commercial driver's license), which carried a fine of \$500 and costs of \$101.50, and for not having a medical certificate, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$101.50. At the same time, the Oasis, the company that owned the bus, also received two citations from a Philadelphia police officer for not having a fire extinguisher and a warning device, where each citation carried a fine of \$51 and costs of \$101.50.) Perri advised defendant ALFANO that he would "make it easy" to get the bus released.
- 36. On or about March 7, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO provided Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. with information related to the citations. Specifically, defendant ALFANO told Perri that the bus was registered to the Oasis Gentlemen's Club, 6800 block of Essington Avenue, and the date it was impounded. ALFANO explained that the side of the bus advertised an establishment called Christine's.
- 37. On or about March 8, 2010, in an interstate telephone call between

 Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., in Pennsylvania, and defendant HENRY P. ALFANO, in New Jersey,

 Perri told defendant ALFANO that there were four tickets and "you'll take care of that with me."

Perri instructed ALFANO that the owner and the driver should go to the Boot and Tow window at Traffic Court, ask for D.H., and state that "they're there to pick up the bus [and] to get the bus released." Perri further instructed ALFANO that defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN would "waive the collateral on the four tickets [and] they don't have to post that money." Lastly, Perri said, "and then you'll give me those four matters," referring to the citations.

- 38. On or about March 9, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO advised A.A., a business associate with supervisory authority over the bus impounded by the police, that he did not have to pay the four tickets and attend Traffic Court. Defendant ALFANO said, "no, when you get [the notices in the mail] you give them to me."
- 39. On or about May 10, 2010, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN continued the hearing for the two Oasis tickets.
- 40. On or about May 12, 2010, defendant MARK BRUNO adjudicated L.R.'s citations as not guilty.
- 41. On or about May 18, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. and defendant HENRY P. ALFANO discussed the continuance on the Oasis tickets. Perri explained that the district justices were sitting the previous week and all the judges were away and therefore maybe Perri "couldn't get it through, you know what I mean?" Defendant ALFANO responded, "I gotcha. I got the picture "Perri instructed ALFANO to mail Perri any notices.
- 42. In a subsequent call on or about May 18, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. confirmed with defendant WILLIAM HIRD that the Oasis matter was continued. Defendant HIRD explained that defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN continued the matter because defendant SULLIVAN did not realize it was for "him," referring to Perri. Defendant HIRD

explained that he gave it to D.C., SULLIVAN's personal assistant, but that she "[-----] up" and that HIRD should go directly to SULLIVAN instead. Perri said that he only gave SULLIVAN "five a year," in reference to requests for consideration.

- 43. On or about May 21, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. told defendant HENRY P. ALFANO that he was mailing defendant ALFANO two receipts, and "you got a couple more coming."
- 44. On or about June 9, 2010, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN again continued the hearing for the two Oasis tickets. On or about June 11, 2010, Traffic Court mailed a Notice of Trial for the Oasis tickets with a trial date of September 8, 2010.
- 45. On or about June 29, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. told HENRY P. ALFANO that defendant ALFANO will receive another continuance notice on one of the pending citations. Perri further told ALFANO that "somebody" will "need" "to show up" at the hearing. Perri continued that "when [the ticketholder] get[s] a notice, you'll call me with the notice and mail it and don't worry . . . it'll be taken care of" Later in the call, ALFANO offered to inspect Perri's car whenever Perri was ready.
- 46. In a later call on that same date, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO told A.A. that one of the Oasis tickets will be continued and that A.A. would receive a notice and should tell ALFANO accordingly.
- 47. On or about September 8, 2010, defendant ROBERT MULGREW adjudicated the Oasis citation V00311161 guilty and the Oasis citation V00311172 not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. V00322394, Issued on 04/14/10 (Ticket No. 7 – C.W.)

- 48. On or about April 14, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO and C.W., a tow truck driver for Gianna Salvage, Inc., discussed a citation issued to Gianna Salvage, Inc. on this date. (C.W. received a citation for driving a towing vehicle without a current towing license, which carried a fine of \$540 and costs of \$61.50.)
- 49. On or about April 14, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO and C.W. discussed this citation and ALFANO told C.W. that the tow truck would not be impounded. ALFANO told C.W. to give ALFANO the citation.
- 50. On or about April 19, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. caused the portion of C.W.'s citation, which indicated a plea of not guilty, to be mailed to Traffic Court.
- 51. On or about April 20, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO updated Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. regarding the progress of repairs for Perri's Taurus. When Perri told defendant ALFANO to tell him "the damage," meaning the cost for the car repairs, ALFANO responded by asking whether Perri received in the mail the Gianna citation. Perri said he received it.
- 52. On or about June 9, 2010, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN continued the hearing for this citation.
- 53. On or about September 8, 2010, defendant ROBERT MULGREW adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. P1K8JW566M1, issued on 08/26/10 (Ticket No. 8 – D.S.)

- 54. On or about November 23, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO spoke with the father of D.S. about D.S.'s traffic citation. (On or about August 26, 2010, D.S. received a citation for traveling at a speed of 85 mph in a 55 mph zone on Interstate 95, which carried a fine of \$85 and costs of \$162, and subjected D.S. to a possible penalty under the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code of five points to her driving record.)
- 55. In a subsequent call on that date, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO told Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. that "the last one [ALFANO] sent [Perri,]" the ticketholder is "gonna go." Defendant ALFANO remarked that he prefers to make the ticketholders attend their hearings, as it "makes it better." Perri said "it'll be alright though."
- 56. On or about November 24, 2010, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO asked Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. whether "that girl's ok" and Perri responded that she was "fine."

 Defendant ALFANO again informed Perri that "they're gonna be there." ALFANO and Perri confirmed that the hearing was on the "30th" at 9 a.m. Perri responded, "You are in good hands with Allstate."
- 57. On or about November 24, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. informed defendant WILLIAM HIRD, in reference to D.S.'s citation, that "[Perri's] got a girl coming down" on November 30th and defendant HIRD stated that Perri should call HIRD to give him the information.
- 58. On or about November 29, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. told defendant WILLIAM HIRD the citation number on D.S.'s ticket and that "she'll be in." HIRD

acknowledged that this was a State Police ticket and promised to "look at it" and "we'll go from there."

- 59. On or about November 30, 2010, in an interstate telephone call between Fortunato N. Perri, Sr., in Pennsylvania, and defendant HENRY P. ALFANO, in New Jersey, defendant ALFANO asked about the ticket. Perri said that it was a state police ticket and that he was "on top of it" and told ALFANO that "when you give me something it's important brother."
- 60. On or about November 30, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. asked defendant WILLIAM HIRD "how [did] we do?" Defendant HIRD stated that he did not definitely know the result because the courtroom was busy, but he was "going to assume ok" because the assigned judge was defendant MICHAEL LOWRY.
- 61. On or about November 30, 2010, defendant MICHAEL LOWRY adjudicated the citation as guilty of a different offense, which was a lower offense and which reduced the fine and costs.
- 62. On or about November 30, 2010, defendant WILLIAM HIRD informed Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. that the charge was amended to five miles over the speed limit, despite the objection of the state police trooper, who wanted the offender to receive two points on her license.
- 63. Later, on or about November 30, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. informed defendant HENRY P. ALFANO of the result that the ticket was amended and "there's no points" and opined that "she still got a good break."

Acts Related to Citation No. S01839412, Issued on 07/27/09 (Ticket #9 – B.D.)

- 64. On or about July 27, 2009, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO learned about a citation issued to B.D., a tow truck driver for Gianna Salvage, Inc., for towing a vehicle without the proper rotation lights activated, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$126.50.
- 65. On or about September 28, 2009, a Traffic Court judge continued the hearing.
- 66. On or about September 29, 2009, in discussing the citation, defendant HENRY P. ALFANO told B.D. that "you're gonna get another [] thing from the [Traffic] Court because they had to re-enlist that case today. . . . They had to re-enlist it because they didn't like who it was in front of. So they're gonna to re-enlist it. When you get the new one, bring it to me."
- 67. On or about December 9, 2009, defendant ROBERT MULGREW adjudicated the citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. X03704481, Issued on 03/25/11 (Ticket #10 – Ri.H.)

68. On or about May 9, 2011, Ri.H. spoke with defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN about a citation Ri.H. received for leaving the scene of an accident where there was property damage to another vehicle, subjecting him to a possible penalty under the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code of four points to his driving record, a fine of \$300, and costs of \$143.50. (Traffic Court issued notices dated April 14, 2011, and May 5, 2011, advising Ri.H. that his driving privileges were being suspended and the fine/costs were increased to \$415 for his failure to respond to the citation.) Ri.H. informed defendant SULLIVAN that he had received another

"notice of suspension" from Traffic Court. SULLIVAN stated "disregard it . . . don't worry about it . . . I got it."

- 69. On or about May 26, 2011, Ri.H. reminded defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN about his hearing the next day and defendant SULLIVAN responded, "I got it." SULLIVAN said that he was "off" tomorrow, but he "got it" and it "don't matter" which judge will be hearing Ri.H.'s case. Ri.H. told SULLIVAN that he "ain't got no money, you know what I mean?" SULLIVAN said, "I know you're broke" and assured him that "you're good."
- 70. On or about May 27, 2011, defendant MICHAEL LOWRY dismissed the citation.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. X04074103 and X04074114, Issued on 05/12/11 (Tickets #11 and #12 – M.A.)

71. On or about May 12, 2011, W.A., the owner of a construction company, called defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN about one of the company's drivers getting his truck stuck under a bridge. (The driver, M.A., was driving a truck and trailer carrying an excavator owned by a construction company when it struck the overhead of a bridge. The vehicle was impounded and a Philadelphia police officer issued two citations to M.A. for exceeding height of vehicle, which carried a fine of \$300 and costs of \$102.50, and for violation of vehicle equipment, which carried a fine of \$100 and costs of \$102.50.) W.A. told defendant SULLIVAN said that the truck was to be impounded. SULLIVAN told W.A. that he needed his registration, insurance, and identification to release the truck from the Boot and Tow at Traffic Court. SULLIVAN said he would discuss the citations that M.A. received later. SULLIVAN warned W.A. "don't say

nothing to nobody out there." Later that day, defendant W.A. sent an interstate text message to SULLIVAN.

- 72. The next day, on or about May 13, 2011, W.A. called defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN to get together for lunch.
- 73. On or about July 5, 2011, eight days before the trial date, in an interstate call between W.A. in Pennsylvania and defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN in New Jersey, W.A. asked defendant SULLIVAN to get together for lunch.
- 74. On or about July 13, 2011, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN adjudicated both of M.A.'s citations as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. X03716801 and X03716812, Issued on 05/18/11 (Tickets #13 and #14 – R.C.)

- 75. On or about May 19, 2011, R.C. called defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN about his citations. (The day before, R.C. received two citations for careless driving of his motorcycle, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$102.50, and for being an unlicensed driver, which carried a fine of \$200 and cots of \$102.50, after he drove his motorcycle through a stop sign without stopping and did not have a proper license.) Defendant SULLIVAN advised R.C. about getting his motorcycle released from Traffic Court. SULLIVAN further instructed R.C. to come to Traffic Court on the court date listed on the citations. SULLIVAN said he would talk to R.C. later about the citations. SULLIVAN said "get your bike out now" and "we'll deal with the rest of the stuff later."
- 76. On or about June 20, 2011, H. Warren Hogeland adjudicated both of R.C.'s citations as not guilty.

<u>Acts Related to Citation Nos. X05080176, X05080180, and X05080191, Issued on 04/17/11</u> (Tickets #15 through #17 – K.S.)

77. On or about June 20, 2011, M.S., the brother of K.S., texted defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN about K.S.'s traffic citations. (K.S., received three citations, on or about April 17, 2011, for driving his car while disregarding two consecutive red signals, driving his car with a fraudulent inspection certificate, and driving his car with a fraudulent emissions certificate. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, K.S. faced a penalty that included an assignment of three points to K.S.'s driving record if found guilty of the offense of failure to stop for a red signal. Each of K.S.'s citations carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$127.50.) The text between M.S. and defendant SULLIVAN was as follows:

M.S.: Judge about [K.S.] has an appearance tomorrow he good or its all

good??

SULLIVAN: It's all good he have to show up

M.S.: Ok 1pm he'll be there

M.S.: He put in the in box at office forgot what day 21st or 23rd the

schmuck let me know please what day show

SULLIVAN: Tomorrow D court 1PM

M.S.: I said it one I said it twice you da man !!!!

SULLIVAN: Hahaha txs

78. On or about June 21, 2011, a Traffic Court judge adjudicated K.S.'s citation as not guilty for disregarding red signals, but found him guilty of the fraudulent inspection and emissions certificates.

Acts Related to Citation No. P1P0J84T431, Issued on 04/20/11 (Ticket #18 – G.C.)

- 79. On or about June 21, 2011, Ji.T. discussed with defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN the upcoming trial date for G.C.'s citation. (G.C., an associate of Ji.T., received a citation from a Pennsylvania State Trooper for operating his vehicle with an expired inspection, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$127.50. G.C. initially mailed a check to Traffic Court in the amount of \$152.50 in response to a Notice from Traffic Court that his driving privileges would be suspended because he failed to respond to the citation. Thereafter, G.C. mailed a written request to Traffic Court to continue his June 23, 2011, trial date). In the phone call, Ji.T. provided defendant SULLIVAN with the spelling of G.C.'s last name. Ji.T. also expressed an interest in writing a newspaper article about SULLIVAN's new role as Administrative Judge at Traffic Court.
- 80. On or about June 23, 2011, G.C. failed to appear in Traffic Court because he had received a notice from Traffic Court advising him that his hearing had been continued until July 26, 2011.
- 81. On or about June 23, 2011, H. Warren Hogeland adjudicated G.C.'s citation as not guilty despite the fact that G.C. was not in court because a new trial date had been scheduled.
- 82. On or about July 15, 2011, Ji.T., not knowing that the ticket had already been adjudicated, called defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN again about G.C.'s citation. J.T. mentioned a letter from Traffic Court that stated that G.C.'s hearing date was on July 26, in "a week from now." Defendant SULLIVAN said that he was aware of the citation and trial date,

and said, "I got that." Ji.T. said that he would "call [SULLIVAN] on it." J.T. again expressed an interest in doing a "story" and taking a "photo" of SULLIVAN.

83. On or about July 23, 2011, G.C. received a check in the mail for \$152.50 from Traffic Court, refunding the collateral previously posted for G.C.'s citation, which was adjudicated not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. V02490762, Issued on 10/14/10 (Ticket #19 – K.M.)

- 84. Between on or about October 14, 2010 and on or about December 14, 2010, Kenneth Miller, charged elsewhere, mailed information pertaining to K.M.'s citation to defendant WILLIAM HIRD. (K.M. was issued a citation for passing traffic at approximately 60 mph in a 45 mph zone, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$126.50.)
- 85. On or about December 14, 2010, Kenneth Miller contacted defendant WILLIAM HIRD about this citation and said "that thing for [K.M.] is tomorrow," to which defendant HIRD responded "I know." Speaking in code to one another to signal that K.M. did not need to attend the trial, HIRD stated that "I don't think anybody is going to that party." To clarify, Miller stated, "I'll tell him [K.M.] that the meeting is cancelled."
- 86. On or about December 15, 2010, H. Warren Hogeland adjudicated K.M.'s citation as not guilty, despite the fact that K.M. did not appear in court.

Acts Related to Citation No. V02803861, Issued on 12/11/10 (Ticket #20 – J.B.)

87. Between on or about December 11, 2010, and on or about February 2, 2011, Kenneth Miller mailed information pertaining to J.B.'s citation to defendant WILLIAM

- HIRD. (J.B. received a traffic citation for making an improper left turn, which caused an accident, and which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$126.50.)
- 88. On or about February 2, 2011, Kenneth Miller left a voice mail message for defendant WILLIAM HIRD regarding J.B.'s citation. In this message, Miller said that J.B. received a notice and asked defendant HIRD to check on his citation. Miller referenced "the meeting," again speaking in code for the upcoming trial date on February 14, 2011, that Miller and HIRD had discussed previously.
- 89. On or about February 14, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated J.B.'s citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. V02509043 and V02509054, Issued on 12/03/10 (Tickets #21 and #22 – J.J.)

- 90. Between on or about December 3, 2010, and on or about February 3, 2011, J.R., owner of a towing company, spoke with defendant WILLIAM HIRD about citations issued to J.J., a truck driver for the towing company. (The citations were for towing a vehicle without rear lighting and without a towing agreement, which carried a fine of \$125 and costs of \$142.50 for the first offense and a fine of \$500 and costs of \$142.50 for the second offense.)
- 91. On or about February 3, 2011, defendant WILLIAM HIRD told J.R. to give certain paperwork to his driver.
- 92. On or about February 8, 2011, J.R. complained to defendant WILLIAM HIRD about taking care of his trucks, such as tow licenses and inspections, yet he still had problems with "you guys," meaning Traffic Court. Defendant HIRD said that it was "no big

- deal," but J.R. said that he did not "want to use all my favors with you." HIRD said he would see J.R.'s "guy" tomorrow at Traffic Court and that he should plead not guilty.
- 93. On or about February 9, 2011, J.R. called defendant WILLIAM HIRD to tell defendant HIRD that he was in Courtroom D and HIRD said, "I know where you're at. . . . You're in D."
- 94. On or about February 9, 2011, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN adjudicated J.J.'s citations as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. V02677065, Issued on 01/28/11 (Ticket #23 – M.D.)

- 95. On or about January 28, 2011, M.D. called Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. about a citation he received for making a prohibited u-turn, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$102.50.
- 96. On or about February 9, 2011, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. caused a portion of M.D.'s traffic citation, which stated a plea of not guilty and included M.D.'s forged signature, to be mailed to Traffic Court.
- 97. On or about March 14, 2011, defendant WILLIAM HIRD told Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. that he "got the date on [M.D.] everything's okay. . . . that didn't go yet, so we got that." Perri also mentioned another Traffic Court matter for "the eyeglass guy" to which defendant HIRD responded, "that's coming up. I got things under control." Perri offered to HIRD, "if you need eyeglasses, let me know."
- 98. On or about April 1, 2011, defendant THOMASINE TYNES adjudicated M.D.'s citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. V01711511 and V01711522, Issued on 10/02/10 (Tickets #24 and #25 – A.K.)

- 99. On or about November 1, 2010, A.D. told Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. that he had a "guy" who had "a couple tickets," and Perri told A.D. to "stop" over. (A.D. was referencing two citations received by his employee, A.K., on or about October 2, 2010, for driving at an unsafe speed and for failing to wear a seatbelt, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$126.50, and a fine of \$10 and costs of \$92, respectively. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, A.K. faced a penalty that included an assignment of two points to A.K.'s driving record if found guilty of the offense of driving too fast.)
- 100. On or about December 16, 2010, defendant THOMASINE TYNES adjudicated both of these citations as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. V01988851, V01988862, V01988873, and V01988884, <u>Issued on 10/13/10</u> (Tickets #26 through #29 – C.I.)

101. Between on or about October 13, 2010, and on or about November 29, 2010, V.B., an employee at an industrial company referred to here as C.I., informed defendant WILLIAM HIRD about four citations the company and one of its truck drivers, M.R., received. (These citations were for hauling an impermissible width of load, which carried a fine of \$300 and costs of \$101.50, for not having a permit to carry a load with a blade of such length, which carried a fine of \$500 and costs of \$101.50, for an unregistered vehicle, which carried a fine of \$75 and costs of \$101.50, and for lack of permit, which carried a fine of \$500 and costs of \$101.50.)

- HIRD that "we'll be in there Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock" for the four tickets for the C.I. trucks that were impounded and were released "about a month ago." V.B. reminded defendant HIRD that HIRD had instructed him to call HIRD a "couple days ahead" of the hearing. HIRD said that he did not know yet to which courtroom the case was assigned and HIRD told V.B. that it should be on the Notice. HIRD said that he needed to know "where it's at," otherwise "you're going to be flying on a wing and a prayer, you know what I mean?" V.B. told HIRD the citation number V01988851 in order for HIRD to "track it down."
- V.B., in New Jersey, and defendant WILLIAM HIRD, in Pennsylvania, V.B. asked defendant HIRD "how we make out for tomorrow?" HIRD, speaking in code, said, "I'm gonna see ya for coffee, ain't I?" V.B. said, "I just want to make sure," and HIRD responded, "I'm gonna be available for coffee." V.B. asked, "We're in good shape, then?" HIRD responded, "Yeah, I'll talk to you tomorrow for coffee." V.B. suggested that they meet at 8:30 a.m. to which HIRD responded, "closer to 9."
- 104. On or about December 1, 2010, V.B. told defendant WILLIAM HIRD that he parked in the back of Traffic Court and asked whether he should come upstairs. HIRD said he would meet V.B..
- 105. On or about December 1, 2010, defendant MICHAEL LOWRY dismissed each of the citations.
- 106. On or about December 2, 2010, Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. told defendant WILLIAM HIRD that he knew that V.B. went in the "back gate yesterday." Perri said, "I

wouldn't even park in the [] back.... You don't want people to see what [] you're doing....
You do things quietly, diplomatically, like we do."

Acts Related to Citation No. V02705021, Issued on 01/18/11 (Ticket #30 – H.W.)

- Councilperson, contacted defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY's personal assistant, T.H., for the purpose of getting a citation issued to H.W. dismissed. (By way of background, on or about January 18, 2011, H.W. had received a citation for improper backing, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$127.50, and the possible assignment of three points to H.W.'s driving record. Thereafter, H.W. gave his brother, J.W., the citation to handle. Meanwhile, on or about April 20, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated H.W.'s citation guilty *in absentia*, and imposed penalties and a \$167.50 fine, after H.W. failed to appear for the hearing despite receiving two notices from Traffic Court. On or about May 3, 2011, H.W. received a letter from PennDOT informing him that the "conviction . . . mandates a 3 point assessment to [his] driving record.")
- 108. Sometime after May 3, 2011, H.W. again told his brother, J.W., about the letter from PennDOT. Around that time, J.W. contacted J.F. to assist with the citation.
- 109. On or about May 6, 2011, J.W. faxed, or caused to be faxed, to Traffic Court the letter from PennDOT about the assessment of three points to H.W.'s driving record.
- 110. Defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY instructed his personal, T.H., to complete a Request for Continuance form and backdate it for March 1, 2011, thereby allowing

the conviction of H.W. to be reopened. The Request for Continuance was signed by defendant SINGLETARY.

- 111. Between on or about May 11, 2011, and on or about May 17, 2011, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN agreed that the case against H.W. should be reopened.
- 112. On or about June 8, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated H.W.'s citation as not guilty.
- 113. On or about June 16, 2011, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN mailed a letter to PennDOT requesting that PennDOT "rescind the points in connection with this citation."

Acts Related to Citation No. V00194165, Issued on 06/04/10 (Ticket #31 – N.M.)

- 114. Sometime shortly after June 4, 2010, N.M. called defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY on the telephone to discuss her citation and their mutual friend, M.L. (On or about June 4, 2010, N.M. received a citation for failing to stop or slow down at a red signal while driving her car, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$101.50, and possibly subjected her to the assignment of three points on her driving record under the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code.)
- 115. On or about August 6, 2010, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN adjudicated N.M.'s citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. V00656084 and V00656095, Issued on 06/26/10 (Tickets #32 and #33 - N.M.)

116. Sometime after June 26, 2010, N.M. called defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY yet again and provided him information about additional citations that she received on or about June 26, 2010, for driving the wrong way down a one-way street, which

carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$126.50, and for failure to use a child restraint, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$126.50.

117. On or about August 30, 2010, defendant MICHAEL LOWRY dismissed both of N.M.'s citations.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. V01892936, V01892940, and V01892951, Issued 08/06/10 (Tickets #34 through #36 – A.H.)

- his personal assistant, T.H., to designate the citations issued to A.H. for "consideration." (On or about August 6, 2010, A.H. received three citations for operating an ATV on the highway, which carried a fine of \$100 and costs of \$101.50, for an unregistered vehicle, which carried a fine of \$75 and costs of \$101.50, and for an unlicensed driver, which carried a fine of \$200 and costs of \$101.50.)
- 119. On or about October 7, 2010, a Request for Continuance, approved by defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY, was received in Traffic Court, purportedly made by A.H.
- 120. On or about November 10, 2010, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated all three citations as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. V00997485 and V00997496, Issued on 07/20/10 (Tickets #37 and #38 – Gi.G.)

121. Sometime after July 30, 2010, Ga.G., the husband of Gi.G., contacted defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY about Gi.G.'s citations for driving at an unsafe speed, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$101.50, and for an unregistered vehicle, which carried a fine of \$75 and costs of \$101.50. (According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, Gi.G. faced a penalty

that included an assignment of two points to her driving record if found guilty of the unsafe speed offense.) Ga.G. gave the citations to defendant SINGLETARY.

- 122. Defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY directed his personal assistant, T.H., to designate this case for "consideration."
- 123. On or about September 21, 2010, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY told Ga.G. that Gi.G. did not need to appear at Traffic Court for her trial the next day.
- 124. On or about September 22, 2010, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated both citations as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. E05442102 and E05442113, Issued on 05/29/08 (Tickets #39 and #40 – T.B.)

- 125. Shortly after May 29, 2008, D.C. informed defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN of her "consideration" request for two citations issued to T.B. for careless driving and for being an unlicensed driver. (These citations carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$140, and of \$200 and \$140, respectively, and possibly subjected T.B. to an assignment of three points on his driving record if found guilty of careless driving). Defendant SULLIVAN approved of D.C. furthering this "consideration" request to defendant THOMASINE TYNES, which D.C. did.
- 126. On or about July 31, 2008, defendant THOMASINE TYNES adjudicated both citations as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation Nos. E07371910, Issued on 10/12/08 (Ticket #41 – Ja.T.)

127. Sometime after October 12, 2008, M.T., a court officer at Traffic Court, asked for "consideration" for Ja.T.'s citation. (On or about October 12, 2008, Ja.T. received a citation from a Pennsylvania State Trooper for tailgating, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of

- \$100. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, Ja.T. faced a penalty that included an assignment of three points to her driving record if found guilty of the offense.)
- 128. On or about December 16, 2008, defendant ROBERT MULGREW adjudicated the citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. S02544835, Issued on 10/18/09 (Ticket #42 – F.L.)

- 129. Shortly after October 18, 2009, defendant MICHAEL LOWRY directed his personal assistant, K.O., to designate the citation received by F.L. for "consideration." (On or about October 18, 2009, F.L. received a citation for careless driving, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$101.50. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, F.L. faced a penalty that included an assignment of three points to her driving record if found guilty of the offense.)
- 130. Sometime after October 18, 2009, K.O. checked the Traffic Court computer system to determine which judge was assigned to F.L.'s trial. K.O. then conveyed defendant MICHAEL LOWRY's "consideration" request for F.L.'s citation to the personal assistant for defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN.
- 131. On or about December 22, 2009, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN adjudicated the citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. V01868613, Issued on 06/10/10 (Ticket #43 – A.T.)

132. Soon after on or about June 10, 2010, A.T. brought his citation to defendant ROBERT MOY's company, Number One Translations, and paid Number One Translations approximately \$200 in cash to handle his ticket. (A.T. received a citation for driving his car onto a sidewalk, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$101.50.)

- 133. After June 10, 2010, Number One Translations informed A.T. that he did not have to appear at Traffic Court.
- 134. On or about June 18, 2010, defendant ROBERT MOY, through Number One Translations, mailed the portion of A.T.'s citation, which stated a plea of not guilty, to Traffic Court.
- 135. On or about August 6, 2010, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant THOMASINE TYNES a note that informed her of the trial date, courtroom, and presiding judge for A.T.'s citation.
- 136. On or about August 12, 2010, defendant MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. X03644955, Issued on 03/07/11 (Ticket #44 – G.L.)

- 137. Soon after March 7, 2011, G.L.'s parents brought G.L.'s citation to defendant ROBERT MOY's company, Number One Translations, and paid Number One Translations between \$100 and \$200 in cash. (On or about March 7, 2011, G.L. received a citation from a Philadelphia police officer for drifting lanes while looking down at a phone while driving, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$102.50. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, G.L. faced a penalty that included an assignment of three points to his driving record if found guilty of the offense.)
- 138. After March 7, 2011, Number One Translations informed G.L. that he did not have to appear at Traffic Court.

- 139. On or about March 15, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY, through Number One Translations, mailed the portion of G.L.'s citation, which stated a plea of not guilty, to Traffic Court.
- 140. On or about May 6, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing G.L.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance fraudulently stated that G.L. had "a doctor appointment." This Request for Continuance was approved by defendant THOMASINE TYNES.
- 141. On or about July 29, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing G.L.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance fraudulently stated that G.L. needed a continuance because he could not "take off from work." This Request for Continuance was approved by defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY.
- 142. On or about August 19, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing G.L.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance stated that G.L.'s "translator will be available on September 14 at night court." This Request for Continuance was approved by defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY.
- 143. On or about September 16, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant THOMASINE TYNES a note that informed her of the trial date, courtroom, and presiding judge for G.L.'s citation.
- 144. On or about September 21, 2011, defendant THOMASINE TYNES adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. V00604844, Issued on 04/22/10 (Ticket #45 – O.S.)

- 145. Soon after April 22, 2010, O.S. brought his citation to defendant ROBERT MOY's company, Number One Translations, and paid Number One Translations approximately \$200 to handle this ticket. (On or about April 22, 2010, O.S. received a citation issued by a Philadelphia police officer for speeding at 70 mph in a 30 mph zone, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$101.50. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, O.S. faced a penalty of two points to his driving record if found guilty of the offense.)
- 146. On or about May 3, 2010, defendant ROBERT MOY, through Number One Translations, mailed the portion of O.S.'s citation, which stated a plea of not guilty, to Traffic Court.
- 147. On or about June 19, 2010, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant THOMASINE TYNES a note that informed her of the trial date, courtroom, and presiding judge for O.S.'s citation.
- 148. On or about June 25, 2010, defendant THOMASINE TYNES adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. X05394782, Issued on 06/27/11 (Ticket #46 – S.C.)

149. Soon after June 27, 2011, S.C. read defendant ROBERT MOY's advertisement in the newspaper, and brought his citation to defendant MOY's company, Number One Translations. He paid approximately \$250 to \$300 in cash to have MOY's company handle his citation. (On or about June 27, 2011, S.C. received a citation for a stop sign violation, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$102.50.)

- 150. On or about July 6, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY, through Number One Translations, mailed the portion of S.C.'s citation, which stated a plea of not guilty, to Traffic Court.
- 151. On or about August 24, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing S.C.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance stated that S.C.'s "translator will be available on 9/14/11 in the afternoon." The Request for Continuance was approved by defendant THOMASINE TYNES.
- 152. On or about September 13, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY a note that informed him of the trial date, time, courtroom, and presiding judge for S.C.'s citation.
- 153. On or about September 14, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. X04743782, Issued on 03/12/11 (Ticket #47 – J.H.)

MOY's advertisement in the newspaper, brought her citation to defendant MOY's company, Number One Translations, and paid Number One Translations approximately \$350 in cash to handle her ticket. (On or about March 12, 2011, J.H. received a citation by a Philadelphia police officer for disregarding a stop sign, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$143.50. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, J.H. faced a penalty that included three points to her driving record if found guilty of the offense.)

- 155. In response to Notices of Impending Suspension of Driving Privileges on March 30, 2011, and a Notice of License Suspension on April 20, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY mailed the Notice of Impending Suspension of Driving Privileges back to Traffic Court and stated a plea of not guilty on that document.
- 156. On or about May 13, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing J.H.'s signature. The Request for Continuance falsely stated that J.H. "will be in New York City." The Request for Continuance was approved by defendant THOMASINE TYNES.
- 157. On or about August 12, 2011, another Request for Continuance was made containing J.H.'s signature. The Request for Continuance stated that "[m]y translator won't be available until 9/14/2011 at 3:00 pm."
- 158. On or about September 13, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY a note that informed him of the trial date, time, courtroom, and presiding judge for J.H.'s citation.
- 159. On or about September 14, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. X04104962, Issued on 04/22/11 (Ticket #48 – W.R.)

160. Soon after April 22, 2011, W.R. brought his citation to defendant ROBERT MOY and paid defendant MOY to handle the citation. (On or about April 22, 2011, W.R. received a citation for disregarding a steady red signal, which carried a fine of \$50 and

- costs of \$102.50. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, W.R. faced a penalty that included three points to his driving record if found guilty of the offense.)
- 161. On or about June 17, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing W.R.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance falsely stated that W.R. "can't take off." The Request for Continuance was approved by defendant ROBERT MULGREW.
- 162. On or about August 12, 2011, another Request for Continuance was made containing W.R.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance stated that "[m]y translator won't be available until 9/14/2011 at 3:00 pm." The Request for Continuance was approved by defendant THOMASINE TYNES.
- 163. On or about September 13, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY a note that informed him of the trial date, time, courtroom, and presiding judge for W.R.'s citation.
- 164. On or about September 14, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. X04885090, Issued on 05/03/11 (Ticket #49 – J.Ji.)

165. Sometime after May 3, 2011, and after reading defendant ROBERT MOY's advertisement in the newspaper, J.Ji. brought his citation to defendant MOY's company, Number One Translations, and paid it approximately \$200 in cash to handle his ticket. (On or about May 3, 2011, J.Ji. received a citation for failing to yield to oncoming traffic, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$127.50. According to the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, J.Ji. faced a

penalty that included an assignment of three points to his driving record if found guilty of the offense.)

- 166. On or about May 19, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY, through Number One Translations, mailed the portion of J.Ji.'s citation, which stated a plea of not guilty, to Traffic Court.
- 167. On or about July 1, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing J.Ji.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance falsely stated that J.Ji. "will be out of state." The Request for Continuance was approved by defendant THOMASINE TYNES.
- 168. On or about August 24, 2011, a Request for Continuance was made containing J.Ji.'s forged signature. The Request for Continuance falsely stated that J.Ji. "was out of state on 7/6/11." The Request for Continuance was approved by defendant THOMASINE TYNES.
- 169. On or about September 27, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY a note that informed him of the trial date, time, courtroom, and presiding judge for J.Ji.'s citation.
- 170. On or about September 27, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

Acts Related to Citation No. X04310180, Issued on 07/24/11 (Ticket #50 – J.Ji.)

171. Soon after July 24, 2011, J.Ji., brought another citation to defendant ROBERT MOY's company, Number One Translations, and paid it approximately \$200 in cash to handle his latest ticket. (On or about July 24, 2011, J.Ji. received a citation from a Philadelphia

police officer for making an improper right turn, which carried a fine of \$25 and costs of \$102.50.)

- 172. On or about August 4, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY mailed the portion of J.Ji.'s citation, which stated a plea of not guilty, to Traffic Court.
- 173. On or about September 27, 2011, defendant ROBERT MOY sent defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY a note that informed him of the trial date, time, courtroom, and presiding judge for J.Ji.'s citation.
- 174. On or about September 27, 2011, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY adjudicated this citation as not guilty.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

COUNTS TWO TO FIFTY

WIRE FRAUD

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 of Count One and the "Overt Acts" of Count One are realleged here.

THE SCHEME

- 2. Paragraphs 28 through 67 of Count One are realleged here.
- 3. On or about the following dates, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania and elsewhere, the defendants listed below, having devised a scheme to defraud the City of Philadelphia and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and to obtain money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, for the purpose of executing the scheme to defraud, knowingly caused to be transmitted, and aided and abetted the transmission of, by means of wire communication in interstate commerce, the signals and sounds described below, each transmission constituting a separate count:

COUNT	DEFENDANTS	TICKET # and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION
2	ALFANO	Ticket #1 (R.C.C.) S02459903	Between on or about 10/31/09 and on or about 1/5/10	Interstate computer check of citation
3	ALFANO HIRD SULLIVAN	Ticket #2 (A.S.) P1J0PK568L4	3/15/10	Interstate telephone call

4	ALFANO HIRD BRUNO MULGREW	Tickets #3 - #6 (L.R. / Oasis) V00311146 V00311150 V00311161 V00311172	3/8/10	Interstate telephone call
5	ALFANO HIRD LOWRY	Ticket #8 (D.S.) P1K8JW566M1	11/30/10	Interstate telephone call
6	ALFANO HIRD LOWRY	Ticket #8 (D.S.) P1K8JW566M1	11/29/10	Interstate computer check of citation
7	ALFANO MULGREW	Ticket #9 (B. D.) S01839412	9/28/09	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
8	SULLIVAN LOWRY	Ticket #10 (Ri.H.) X03704481	5/30/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
9	SULLIVAN	Tickets #11 and #12 (M.A.) X04074103 X04074114	5/12/11	Interstate text message
10	SULLIVAN	Tickets #11 and #12 (M.A.) X04074103 X04074114	7/5/11	Interstate telephone call
11	SULLIVAN	Tickets #11 and #12 (M.A.) X04074103 X04074114	7/18/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
12	SULLIVAN	Tickets #13 and #14 (R.C.) X03716801 X03716812	6/22/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch

13	SULLIVAN	Tickets #13 and #14	Detrocar	Testamentation
13	BULLIVAN	(R.C.) X03716801 X03716812	Between on or about 5/18/11 and on or about 6/20/11	Interstate computer check of citation
14	SULLIVAN	Tickets #15 through #17 (K.S.) X05080176	6/20/11	Interstate text message
15	SULLIVAN	Ticket #18 (G.C.) P1P0J84T431	Between on or about 6/20/11 and on or about 7/15/11	Interstate computer check of citation
16	HIRD	Ticket #19 (K.M.) V02490762	12/20/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
17	HIRD	Ticket #19 (K.M.) V02490762	Between on or about 10/14/10 and on or about 12/15/10	Interstate computer check of citation
18	SULLIVAN HIRD	Tickets #21 and #22 (J.J.) V02509043 V02509054	Between on or about 12/3/10 and on or about 2/9/11	Interstate computer check of citation
19	SULLIVAN HIRD	Tickets #21 and #22 (J.J.) V02509043 V02509054	2/14/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
20	TYNES HIRD	Ticket #23 (M.D.) V02677065	Between on or about 1/28/11 and on or about 3/14/11	Interstate computer check of citation
21	TYNES	Tickets #24 and #25 (A.K) V01711511 V01711522	Between on or about 11/1/10 and on or about 12/16/10	Interstate computer check of citation

22	HIRD LOWRY	Tickets #26 - #29 (C.I.) V01988851 V01988862 V01988873 V01988884	Between on or about 11/29/10 and on or about 12/1/10	Interstate computer check of citation
23	HIRD LOWRY	Tickets #26 - #29 (C.I.) V01988851 V01988862 V01988873 V01988884	11/30/10	Interstate telephone call
24	SINGLETARY	Ticket #30 (H.W.) V02705021	Between on or about 5/6/11 and on or about 6/8/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
25	SINGLETARY SULLIVAN	Ticket #31 (N.M.) V00194165	Between on or about 6/4/10 and on or about 8/6/10	Interstate computer check of citation
26	SINGLETARY SULLIVAN	Ticket #31 (N.M.) V00194165	8/9/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
27	SINGLETARY LOWRY	Tickets #32 and #33 (N.M.) V00656084 V00656095	Between on or about 6/26/10 and on or about 8/30/10	Interstate computer check of citation
28	SINGLETARY LOWRY	Tickets #32 and #33 (N.M.) V00656084 V00656095	9/1/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
29	SINGLETARY	Tickets #34 - #36 (A.H.) V01892936 V01892940 V01892951	10/7/10	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case

30	SINGLETARY	Tickets #34 - #36 (A.H.) V01892936 V01892940 V01892951	11/15/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
31	SINGLETARY	Tickets #37 and #38 (Gi.G.) V00997485 V00997496	Between on or about 7/30/10 and on or about 9/22/10	Interstate computer check of citation
32	SINGLETARY	Tickets #37 and #38 (Gi.G.) V00997485 V00997496	9/27/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
33	SULLIVAN TYNES	Tickets #39 and #40 (T.B.) E05442102 E05442113	Between on or about 5/29/08 and on or about 7/31/08	Interstate computer check of citation
34	SULLIVAN TYNES	Tickets #39 and #40 (T.B.) E05442102 E05442113	8/4/08	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
35	MULGREW	Ticket #41 (Ja.T.) E07371910	Between on or about 10/12/08 and on or about 12/16/08	Interstate computer check of citation
36	MULGREW	Ticket #41 (Ja.T.) E07371910	12/18/08	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
37	LOWRY SULLIVAN	Ticket #42 (F.L.) S00623000	Between on or about 10/18/09 and on or about 12/22/09	Interstate computer check of citation
38	LOWRY SULLIVAN	Ticket #42 (F.L.) S00623000	12/24/09	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch

39	SULLIVAN MOY	Ticket #43 (A.T.) V01868613	8/16/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
40	TYNES MOY	Ticket #44 (G.L.) X03644955	5/6/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
41	TYNES MOY	Ticket #44 (G.L.) X03644955	7/29/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
42	TYNES MOY	Ticket #45 (O.S.) V00604844	6/28/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch
43	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #46 (S.C.) X05395782	8/24/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
44	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #47 (J.H.) X04743782	5/13/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
45	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #47 (J.H.) X04743782	8/12/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
46	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #48 (W.R.) X04104962	6/17/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
47	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #48 (W.R.) X04104962	8/12/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
48	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #49 (J.Ji.) X04885090	7/1/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
49	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #49 (J.Ji.) X04885090	8/24/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case
50	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #50 (J.Ji.) X04310180	9/29/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch

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All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 2.

COUNTS FIFTY-ONE TO SIXTY-EIGHT

MAIL FRAUD

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES THAT:

1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 of Count One and the "Overt Acts" of Count One are realleged here.

THE SCHEME

- 2. Paragraphs 28 through 67 of Count One are realleged here.
- On or about the following dates, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania and elsewhere, the defendants listed below, having devised a scheme to defraud the City of Philadelphia and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and to obtain money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, for the purpose of executing the scheme to defraud, and attempting to do so, knowingly took, received, and aided and abetted the taking and receiving, from an authorized depository for mail matter, and caused to be delivered, and aided and abetted the delivery of, by the United States mail, according to directions thereon, the mail described below, each transmission constituting a separate count:

COUNT	DEFENDANTS	TICKET # and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING
51	ALFANO	Ticket #1 (R.C.C.) S02459903	Between on or about 1/5/10 and on or about 1/15/10	"Receipt" mailed
52	ALFANO	Ticket #2 (A.S.) P1J0PK568L4	3/15/10	Citation information mailed

		1		
53	ALFANO	Ticket #2 (A.S.) P1J0PK568L4	5/12/10	"Receipt" mailed
54	ALFANO BRUNO	Ticket #3 and #4 (L.R.) V0031114-6 V0031115-0	5/21/10	"Receipt" mailed
55	ALFANO MULGREW	Ticket #7 (Gianna Salvage, Inc.) V00322394	4/19/10	Citation information mailed
56	ALFANO MULGREW	Ticket #7 (Gianna Salvage, Inc.) V00322394	Between on or about 4/14/10 and on or about 4/19/10	Citation information mailed
57	SULLIVAN	Ticket #18 (G.C.) P1P0J84T431	7/23/11	Refund of money mailed
58	HIRD	Ticket #19 (K.M.) V02490762	Between on or about 10/14/10 and on or about 12/14/10	Citation information mailed
59	SINGLETARY HIRD	Ticket #20 (J.B.) V02803861	Between on or about 12/11/10 and on or about 2/2/11	Citation information mailed
60	TYNES HIRD	Ticket #23 (M.D.) V02677065	2/9/11	Citation information mailed
61	SINGLETARY SULLIVAN	Ticket #30 (H.W.) V02705021	Between on or about 5/6/11 and on or about 6/8/11	Letter mailed to PennDOT requesting that points be rescinded

62	SULLIVAN MOY	Ticket #43 (A.T.) V01868613	6/18/10	Citation information mailed
63	TYNES MOY	Ticket #44 (G.L.) X03644955	3/15/11	Citation information mailed
64	TYNES MOY	Ticket #45 (O.S.) V00604844	5/3/10	Citation information mailed
65	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #46 (S.C.) X05395782	7/6/11	Citation information mailed
66	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #47 (J.H.) X04743782	4/20/11	Citation information mailed
67	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #49 (J.Ji.) X04885090	5/19/11	Citation information mailed
68	SINGLETARY MOY	Ticket #50 (J.Ji.) X04310180	8/4/11	Citation information mailed

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1341 and 2.

COUNT SIXTY-NINE

PERJURY - MICHAEL LOWRY

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about October 25, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

MICHAEL LOWRY,

while under oath and testifying in a proceeding before a grand jury of the United States in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, knowingly made a false material declaration.

- 3. The grand jury empaneled on or about February 4, 2011, was conducting an investigation to determine, in part, whether individuals at and associated with Traffic Court engaged in the manipulation of tickets outside the judicial process, commonly known as "ticket-fixing" and referred to as "consideration." It was material to this investigation to determine which individuals, and specifically which judges, participated in this practice.
- 4. With respect to this material matter, referring to requests for consideration, defendant MICHAEL LOWRY testified as follows, at page 49 of the transcript:
 - Q: Your testimony is you don't give out special favors; is that right?
 - A. No, I treat everybody in that courtroom the same.
- 5. The testimony of defendant MICHAEL LOWRY, as he then and there well knew and believed, was false, in that LOWRY did give out special favors, in that he accepted and was influenced by "consideration" requests from other judges and individuals.

COUNT SEVENTY

PERJURY - ROBERT MULGREW

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about November 8, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

ROBERT MULGREW,

while under oath and testifying in a proceeding before a grand jury of the United States in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, knowingly made a false material declaration.

- 3. The grand jury empaneled on or about February 4, 2011, was conducting an investigation to determine, in part, whether individuals at and associated with Traffic Court engaged in the manipulation of tickets outside the judicial process, commonly known as "ticket-fixing" and referred to as "consideration." It was material to this investigation to determine which individuals, and specifically which judges, participated in this practice.
- 4. With respect to this material matter, referring to requests for consideration, defendant ROBERT MULGREW testified as follows, at pages 17-18 and 22-23 of the transcript:
 - Q: How about your personal, has your personal received any calls like that from other judges, other ward leaders that she's conveyed to you saying that so and so has called about this case?
 - A: If she did, she didn't convey them to me.

. . .

- Q. Let me make sure as well that if I got your testimony correct. You're saying that if other people whether they be political leaders, friends and family, anybody is approaching your personal and asking her specifically to look out for a case, see what she can do in a case, give preferential treatment, however you want to phrase it, that she is not relaying any of that information on to you; is that correct?
- A. No, she isn't.
- 5. The testimony of defendant ROBERT MULGREW, as he then and there well knew and believed, was false, in that MULGREW's personal assistant did communicate to him "consideration" requests from other judges and individuals.

COUNT SEVENTY-ONE

PERJURY - THOMASINE TYNES

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about October 4, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

THOMASINE TYNES,

while under oath and testifying in a proceeding before a grand jury of the United States in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, knowingly made a false material declaration.

- 3. The grand jury empaneled on or about February 4, 2011, was conducting an investigation to determine, in part, whether individuals at and associated with Traffic Court engaged in the manipulation of tickets outside the judicial process, commonly known as "ticket-fixing" and referred to as "consideration." It was material to this investigation to determine which individuals, and specifically which judges, participated in this practice.
- 4. With respect to this material matter, defendant THOMASINE TYNES testified as follows, at page 27 of the transcript:
 - Q: In all the years you've been [at Traffic Court] have you ever been asked to give favorable treatment on a case to anybody?
 - A: No, not favorable treatment. People basically know me. The lawyers know me. The court officers know me. I have been called a no nonsense person because I'm just not that way. I take my position seriously and the cards fall where they may.

5. The testimony of defendant TYNES, as she then and there well knew and believed, was false, in that TYNES was asked to give favorable treatment on cases.

COUNT SEVENTY-TWO

PERJURY - THOMASINE TYNES

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about October 4, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

THOMASINE TYNES,

while under oath and testifying in a proceeding before a grand jury of the United States in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, knowingly made a false material declaration.

- 3. The grand jury empaneled on or about February 4, 2011, was conducting an investigation to determine, in part, whether individuals at and associated with Traffic Court engaged in the manipulation of tickets outside the judicial process, commonly known as "ticket-fixing" and referred to as "consideration." It was material to this investigation to determine which individuals, and specifically which judges, participated in this practice.
- 4. With respect to this material matter, defendant THOMASINE TYNES testified as follows, at page 29 of the transcript:
 - Q: You've never taken action on a request?
 - A: No.
- 5. The testimony of defendant TYNES, as she then and there well knew and believed, was false, in that TYNES did take action on requests for favorable treatment on cases.
 In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1623.

COUNT SEVENTY-THREE

FALSE STATEMENT TO FBI - WILLIE SINGLETARY

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about September 21, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

WILLIE SINGLETARY,

in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), an agency of the United States Department of Justice, knowingly and willfully made a false material statement.

- 3. Agents of the FBI were investigating the existence of a wire and mail fraud conspiracy charged in Count One of this indictment. A material question in this inquiry was whether defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY assisted in the manipulation of or provided preferential treatment in any Traffic Court matter outside the judicial process.
- 4. With respect to these material matters, defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY stated that he had never arranged or facilitated preferential treatment to anyone with a matter in Traffic Court.
- 5. These statements were false, as defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY then knew, as explained in the incorporated paragraphs of Count One of this indictment.

COUNT SEVENTY-FOUR

FALSE STATEMENT TO FBI - WILLIE SINGLETARY

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about September 21, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

WILLIE SINGLETARY,

in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), an agency of the United States Department of Justice, knowingly and willfully made a false material statement.

- 3. Agents of the FBI were investigating the existence of a wire and mail fraud conspiracy charged in Count One of this indictment. A material question in this inquiry was whether defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY assisted in the manipulation of or provided preferential treatment in any Traffic Court matter outside the judicial process.
- 4. With respect to these material matters, defendant SINGLETARY stated that he never waived any fines, reduced fines, reduced any points, or eliminated any tickets at the request of another judge or employee of the City of Philadelphia, nor through a previous arrangement prior to a court hearing
- 5. These statements were false, as defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY then knew, as explained in the incorporated paragraphs of Count One of this indictment.

COUNT SEVENTY-FIVE

FALSE STATEMENT TO FBI - WILLIAM HIRD

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about September 21, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

WILLIAM HIRD,

in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), an agency of the United States Department of Justice, knowingly and willfully made a false material statement.

- 3. Agents of the FBI were investigating the existence of a wire and mail fraud conspiracy charged in Count One of this indictment. A material question in this inquiry was whether WILLIAM HIRD assisted in the manipulation or preferential treatment of any Traffic Court matter outside the judicial process.
- 4. With respect to this material matter, defendant WILLIAM HIRD told the agents that he never manipulated or "fixed" tickets for defendant HENRY P. ALFANO.
- 5. These statements were false, as HIRD then knew, as explained in the incorporated paragraphs of Count One of this indictment.

COUNT SEVENTY-SIX

FALSE STATEMENT TO FBI - WILLIAM HIRD

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about September 21, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

WILLIAM HIRD,

in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), an agency of the United States Department of Justice, knowingly and willfully made a false material statement.

- 3. Agents of the FBI were investigating the existence of a wire and mail fraud conspiracy charged in Count One of this indictment. A material question in this inquiry was whether WILLIAM HIRD assisted in the manipulation or preferential treatment of any Traffic Court matter outside the judicial process.
- 4. With respect to this material matter, defendant WILLIAM HIRD stated that he never arranged to manipulate any Traffic Court hearings.
- 5. These statements were false, as HIRD then knew, as explained in the incorporated paragraphs of Count One of this indictment.

COUNT SEVENTY-SEVEN

FALSE STATEMENT TO FBI - WILLIAM HIRD

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGERS THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 through 26 and 28 through 67 of Count One, and the "Overt Acts" of Count One, are incorporated here.
- 2. On or about September 21, 2011, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

WILLIAM HIRD,

in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), an agency of the United States Department of Justice, knowingly and willfully made a false material statement.

- 3. Agents of the FBI were investigating the existence of a wire and mail fraud conspiracy charged in Count One of this indictment. A material question in this inquiry was whether WILLIAM HIRD assisted in the manipulation or preferential treatment of any Traffic Court matter outside the judicial process.
- 4. With respect to this material matter, defendant WILLIAM HIRD stated that Fortunato N. Perri, Sr. did not discuss "fixing" tickets or manipulating traffic court hearings with him.
- 5. These statements were false, as HIRD then knew, as explained in the incorporated paragraphs of Count One of this indictment.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.

A TRUE BILL:		

GRAND JURY FOREPERSON

ZANE DAVID MEMEGER UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

Case 2:13-cr-00039-RK Document 1-1 Filed 01/29/13 Page 1 of 2 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

INDICTMENT

							ory of the case for the purpose
of assig	gnmen	t to approp	priate (ealender.	134	39-1	1-9
Addres	3 of Pl	aintiff: _	615 CI	nestnut Street.	Suite 1250, Ph	iladelphia	L PA 19106-4476
Post O	ffice:	Philade	lphia		Count	ty:	Philadelphia
Addres	s of D	efendant:		See Reverse			News commission of the commiss
Post O	ffice:	See Rev	erse			County:	See Reverse
Registe	r num	ber: 1	N/A		·····		
Place o	f accid	ent, incid	ent, or	transaction:	Eastern Distr	ict of Pen	nsylvania
Post O	ffice:	EDPA			Count	V:	Philadelphia
RELA:	red C	ASE, IF A	NY:				
Crimin	al case	s are deen	ned rel	ated when the	answer to the	following	question is "yes".
							ave participated in the same
	or offe		non, c	r in the same	series of acts of	r transacti	ons, constituting an offense
	YES:						
	Case I	vumber: _			Judge:		
CRIMI	NAL:	Criminal	Categ	ory - FOR US	E BY U.S. AT	TORNEY	(ONLY)
	()	Antitrust					
	()			d Other Tax P	rosecutions		
	()			ail Fraud			
	()	Controll					
Š.	()	Violation	is of I	8 U.S.C. Chap	oters 95 and 96	(Sections	1951-55 and 1961-68) and
				er than comme	ercial		
6.	(X)	General	Crimin	al			
		.,					ARTICULAR CRIME AND
							TATE ANY PREVIOUS
		CRIMIN	AL N	JMBER FOR	SPEEDY TRL	AL ACT'	TRACKING PURPOSES)
		18 U.S.C	. § 134	49 (conspiracy	to commit win	re and ma	il fraud - 1 count)
		18 U.S.C	. § 134	43 (wire fraud	- 49 counts)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		18 U.S.C	. § 134	11 (mail fraud	- 18 counts)		
		18 U.S.C	. § 162	23 (perjury - 4	counts)		
		18 U.S.C	. § 100) 1 (false state:	nents to FBI - :	5 counts)	
		18 U.S.C	. § 2 (aiding and abe	etting)	,	
DATE:	01/29	9/13				D.	usel) of
		R00370			-		Wolf/Anthony Wzorek
		ael J. Sul	ivan A	t al	-		t United States Attorneys
p-101	:V6X1	WAY I JUNE			-	1 TOO GETT	CAMILLIANT CONTROL MONTHLY

Defendant	Address	
Michael Sullivan	Philadelphia, PA	
Michael Lowry	Philadelphia, PA	*
Robert Mulgrew	Philadelphia, PA	,
Willie Singletary	Philadelphia, PA	
Thomasine Tynes	Philadelphia, PA	
Mark A. Bruno	West Chester, PA	
William Hird	Philadelphia, PA	
Henry P. Alfano a/k/a "Ed" or "Eddy"	New, Jersey, NJ	
Robert Moy	Philadelphia, PA	······································

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

UNITEDS	STATES OF AMERICA				
			CRIMINAL	NO. 13-39	
MICHAEL					
WILLIE S	MULGREW INGLETARY	* * •			
MARK A. ROBERT I		*			
NOBERT					
	JURY	'VERDI	CT FORM		
As to defen	dant MICHAEL J. SULLIV	'AN			
Count 1 -	Conspiracy to commit wi about September 2011.	re and m	uil fraud, from	in or about J	fuly 2008 to in o
**	We unanimously find MIC	HAEL J	SULLIVAN		
	Guilty		Not Guilty	V	
Please proce the next page	ed to the wire fraud and aidi 2.	ng and a	betting counts ag	ainst Michae	I J. Sullivan on

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Wire Fraud anf Aiding and Abetting Counts against Michael J. Sullivan

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN
3	Ticket #2 (A. Scarlata) P1J0PK568L4	3/15/10	Interstate telephone call	Guilty Not Guilty
8	Ticket #10 (R. Holmes) X03704481	5/30/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
9	Tickets #11 and #12 (M. Ambron) X04074103 X04074114	5/12/11	Interstate text message	Guilty Not Guilty
10	Tickets #11 and #12 (M. Ambron) X04074103 X04074114	7/5/11	Interstate telephone call	Guilty Not Guilty
11	Tickets #11 and #12 (M. Ambron) X04074103 X04074114	7/18/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
12	Tickets #13 and #14 (R. Capazzoli) X03716801 X03716812	6/22/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
13	Tickets #13 and #14 (R. Capazzoli) X03716801 X03716812	Between on or about 5/18/11 and on or about 6/20/11	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
14	Tickets #15 through #17 (K. Sarkioglu) X05080176	6/20/11	Interstate text message	Guilty Not Guilty
15	Ticket #18 (G. Chavanne) P1P0J84T431	Between on or about 6/20/11 and on or about 7/15/11	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty

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COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN
25	Ticket #31 (N. Mathis) V00194165	Between on or about 6/4/10 and on or about 8/6/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
26	Ticket #31 (N. Mathis) V00194165	8/9/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
33	Tickets #39 and #40 (T. Blong) E05442102 E05442113	Between on or about 5/29/08 and on or about 7/31/08	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
34	Tickets #39 and #40 (T. Blong) E05442102 E05442113	8/4/08	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
37	Ticket #42 (F. Lowry) S00623000	Between on or about 10/18/09 and on or about 12/22/09	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
	Ticket #42 (F. Lowry) S00623000	12/24/09	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
	Ticket #43 (A. Tseng) V01868613	8/16/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Michael J. Sullivan. Please proceed to the mail fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Michael J. Sullivan on the next page.

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Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts against Michael J. Sullivan

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN
.57	Ticket #18 (G. Chavanne) P1P0J84T431	7/23/11	Refund of money mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
61	Ticket #30 (H. Wilcox) V02705021	Between on or about 5/6/11 and on or about 6/8/11	Letter mailed to PennDOT requesting that points be rescinded	Guilty Not Guilty
62	Ticket #43 (A. Tseng) V01868613	6/18/10	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the counts against Michael J. Sullivan. Please proceed to the counts against defendant Michael Lowry on the next page.

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As to defendant MICHAEL LOWRY

Count 1 - Conspiracy to commit wire and mail fraud, from in or about July 2008 to in or about September 2011. We unanimously find MICHAEL LOWRY Guilty ______ Not Guilty

Please proceed to the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Michael Lowry below.

Wire Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts as to Michael Lowry

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND MICHAEL LOWRY
5	Ticket #8 (D. Salvatore) P1K8JW566M1	11/30/10	Interstate telephone call	Guilty Not Guilty
6	Ticket #8 (D. Salvatore) P1K8JW566M1	11/29/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
8	Ticket #10 (R. Holmes) X03704481	5/30/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
22	Tickets #26 - #29 (Camden Iron) V01988851 V01988862 V01988873 V01988884	Between on or about 11/29/10 and on or about 12/1/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
23	Tickets #26 - #29 (Camden Iron) V01988851 V01988862 V01988873 V01988884	11/30/10	Interstate telephone call	Guilty Not Guilty

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COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND MICHAEL LOWRY
27	Tickets #32 and #33 (N. Mathis) V00656084 V00656095	Between on or about 6/26/10 and on or about 8/30/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
28	Tickets #32 and #33 (N. Mathis) V00656084 V00656095	9/1/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
37	Ticket#42 (F. Lowry) S00623000	Between on or about 10/18/09 and on or about 12/22/09	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
38	Ticket #42 (F. Lowry) S00623000	12/24/09	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Michael Lowry. Please proceed to Count 69 below.

Count 69 - Perjury before a grand jury, on or about October 25, 2011.

We unan	imously find MI	CHAEL LOWRY	
Guilty_		Not Guilty	

That concludes your deliberation of the counts against Michael Lowry. Please proceed to the counts against defendant Robert Mulgrew on the next page.

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As to defendant ROBERT MULGREW

Count 1 - Conspiracy to commit wire and mail fraud, from in or about July 2008 to in or about September 2011.

We unanimously find ROBERT	MULGREW		
Guilty	Not Guilty	***************************************	V

Please proceed to the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Robert Mulgrew below.

Wire Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts against Robert Mulgrew

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND ROBERT MULGREW
4.1	Tickets #3 - #6 (L. Robinson / Oasis) V00311146 V00311150 V00311161 V00311172	3/8/10	Interstate telephone call	Guilty Not Guilty
7	Ticket #9 (B. Davis) S01839412	9/28/09	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
35	Ticket #41 (J. Trombetta) E07371910	Between on or about 10/12/08 and on or about 12/16/08	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
36	Ticket #41 (J. Trombetta) E07371910	12/18/08	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Robert Mulgrew. Please proceed to the mail fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Robert Mulgrew below.

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Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts as to Robert Mulgrew

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND ROBERT MULGREW
55	Ticket #7 (Gianna Salvage, Inc.) V00322394	4/19/10	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
56	Ticket #7 (Gianna Salvage, Inc.) V00322394	Between on or about 4/14/10 and on or about 4/19/10	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the mail fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Robert Mulgrew. Please proceed to Count 70 below.

Count 70 - Perjury before a grand jury, on or about November 8, 2011.

We unanimously find RO	BERT MULGREW	
Guilty	Not Guilty	The state of the s

That concludes your deliberation of the counts against Robert Mulgrew. Please proceed to the counts against defendant Willie Singletary on the next page.

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As to defendant WILLIE SINGLETARY

Count 1 - Conspiracy to commit wire and mail fraud, from in or about July 2008 to in or about September 2011.

We unanimously find WILLI	E SINGLETARY	
Guilty	Not Guilty	MENONS

Please proceed to the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Willie Singletary below.

Wire Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts as to Willie Singletary

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND WILLIE SINGLETARY
24	Ticket #30 (H. Wilcox) V02705021	Between on or about 5/6/11 and on or about 6/8/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
25	Ticket #31 (N. Mathis) V00194165	Between on or about 6/4/10 and on or about 8/6/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
26	Ticket #31 (N. Mathis) V00194165	8/9/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
27	Tickets #32 and #33 (N. Mathis) V00656084 V00656095	Between on or about 6/26/10 and on or about 8/30/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
28	Tickets #32 and #33 (N. Mathis) V00656084 V00656095	9/1/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
29	Tickets #34 - #36 (A. Harmon) V01892936 V01892940 V01892951	10/7/10	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty

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COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND WILLIE SINGLETARY
30	Tickets #34 - #36 (A. Harmon) V01892936 V01892940 V01892951	11/15/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
31	Tickets #37 and #38 (G. Gittens) V00997485 V00997496	Between on or about 7/30/10 and on or about 9/22/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
32	Tickets #37 and #38 (G. Gittens) V00997485 V00997496	9/27/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
43	Ticket #46 (S. Cao) X05395782	8/24/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
44	Ticket #47 (J. Hu) X04743782	5/13/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
45	Ticket #47 (J. Hu) X04743782	8/12/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
46	Ticket #48 (W. Rong) X04104962	6/17/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
47	Ticket #48 (W. Rong) X04104962	8/12/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
48	Ticket #49 (J. Jiang) X04885090	7/1/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
	Ticket #49 (J. Jiang) X04885090	8/24/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty

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COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND WILLIE SINGLETARY
50	Ticket #50 (J. Jiang) X04310180	9/29/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Willie Singletary. Please proceed to the mail fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Willie Singletary below.

Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts as to Willie Singletary

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND WILLIE SINGLETARY
59	Ticket #20 (J. Bellesorte) V02803861	Between on or about 12/11/10 and on or about 2/2/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
61	Ticket #30 (II Wilcox) V02705021	Between on or about 5/6/11 and on or about 6/8/11	Letter mailed to PennDOT requesting that points be rescinded	Guilty Not Guilty
65	Ticket #46 (S. Cao) X05395782	7/6/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
66	Ticket #47 (J. Hu) X04743782	4/20/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
67	Ticket #49 (J. Jiang) X04885090	5/19/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
68	Ticket #50 (J. Jiang) X04310180	8/4/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the mail fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Willie Singletary. Please proceed to Count 73 below.

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Count 73 -	False statement to federal investigators, in that Singletary stated that he had never arranged or facilitated preferential treatment to anyone with a matter in Traffic Court, on or about September 21, 2011.					
	We unanimously find WILLIE SINGLETARY					
	Guilty		Not Guilty			
Count 74 -	False statement to federal investigators, in that Singletary stated that he never waived any fines, reduced fines, reduced any points, or eliminated any tickets at the request of another judge or employee of the City of Philadelphia, nor through a previous arrangement prior to a court hearing, on or about September 21, 2011.					
	We unanimou	isly find WILLIE	SINGLETARY			
	Guilty	Settleting and an arrange of the second seco	Not Guilty			
<u> </u>						

That concludes your deliberation of the counts against Willie Singletary. Please proceed to the counts against defendant Thomasine Tynes on the next page.

As to defendant THOMASINE TYNES

Count 1 - Conspiracy to commit wire and mail fraud, from in or about July 2008 to in or about September 2011.

	We unanimously find THOM	MASINE TYNES	
	Guilty	Not Guilty	
224			

Please proceed to the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Thomasine Tynes below.

Wire Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts against Thomasine Tynes

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND THOMASINE TYNES
20	Ticket #23 (M. Dinardo) V02677065	Between on or about 1/28/11 and on or about 3/14/11	Interstate computer check of citation	
21	Tickets #24 and #25 (A. Kodra) V01711511 V01711522	Between on or about 11/1/10 and on or about 12/16/10	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
33	Tickets #39 and #40 (T. Blong) E05442102 E05442113	Between on or about 5/29/08 and on or about 7/31/08	Interstate computer check of citation	Guilty Not Guilty
34	Tickets #39 and #40 (T. Blong) E05442102 E05442113	8/4/08	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty
40	Ticket #44 (G. Li) X03644955	5/6/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
41	Ticket #44 (G. Li) X03644955	7/29/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty

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COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND THOMASINE TYNES
42	Ticket #45 (O. Siam) V00604844	6/28/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Thomasine Tynes. Please proceed to the mail fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Thomasine Tynes below.

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Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts against Thomasine Tynes

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND THOMASINE TYNES
60	Ticket #23 (M. Dinardo) V02677065	2/9/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
63	Ticket #44 (G. Li) X03644955	3/15/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
64	Ticket #45 (O. Siam) V00604844	5/3/10	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the mail fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Thomasine Tynes. Please proceed to Count 71 below.

Count 71 -	Perjury before a grand jury, in that Tynes testified that she was never asked to give favorable treatment on a case to anyone, on or about October 4, 2011					
	We unanimously find THOMASINE TYNES					
	Guilty	Not Guilty				
Count 72 -	Perjury before a grand on a request for favoral	jury, in that Tynes testified that she never took action ble treatment, on or about October 4, 2011.				
	We unanimously find TH	IOMASINE TYNES				
	Guilty	Not Guilty				
That conclude counts agains	es your deliberation of the t defendant Mark A. Brund	counts against Thomasine Tynes. Please proceed to the on the next page.				

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As to defendant MARK A. BRUNO

Count 1 - Conspiracy to commit wire and mail fraud, from in or about July 2008 to in or about September 2011.

We unanimously find MARK A. BRUNO

Guilty ______ Not Guilty ______

Please proceed to the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Mark A. Bruno below.

Wire Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Count against Mark A. Bruno

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	WIRE TRANSMISSION	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND MARK A. BRUNO
Ã	Tickets #3 - #6 (L. Robinson) V0031114-6 V0031115-0	3/8/10	Interstate telephone call	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the wire fraud and aiding and abetting count against Mark A. Bruno, Please proceed to the mail fraud count against Mark A. Bruno on the next page.

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Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Count against Mark A. Bruno

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND MARK A. BRUNO
54	Ticket #3 and #4 (L. Robinson) V0031114-6 V0031115-0	5/21/10	"Receipt" mailed	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the counts against Mark A. Bruno. Please proceed to the counts against defendant Robert Moy on the next page.

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As to defendant ROBERT MOY

Count 1 - Conspiracy to commit wire and mail fraud, from in or about July 2008 to in or about September 2011.

We unanimously find ROBERT MOY

Service of the servic		
Guilty	Not Guilty	\checkmark

Please proceed to the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Robert Moy below.

Wire Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts as to Robert Moy

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	NO. TRANSMISSION 8/16/10 Interstate computer Gui				WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND ROBERT MOY
39	Ticket #43 (A. Tseng) V01868613			Guilty Not Guilty		
40	Ticket #44 (G. Li) X03644955	5/6/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty		
4)	Ticket #44 (G. Li) X03644955	7/29/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty		
42	Ticket #45 (O. Siam) V00604844	6/28/10	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty		
43	Ticket #46 (S. Cao) X05395782	8/24/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case Not Guilty			
44	Ticket #47 (J. Hu) X04743782	5/13/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case Guilty Not Guilty			
45	Ticket #47 (J. Hu) X04743782	8/12/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty V		

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COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	ATE WIRE WE UNANIMOTE TRANSMISSION FIND ROBERT M	
46	Ticket #48 (W. Rong) X04104962	6/17/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
47	Ticket #48 (W. Rong) X04104962	8/12/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
48	Ticket #49 (J. Jiang) X04885090	7/1/11	Interstate computer access to list continuance of case	Guilty Not Guilty
49	Ticket #49 (J. Jiang) X04885090			Guilty Not Guilty
50	Ticket #50 (J. Jiang) X04310180	9/29/11	Interstate computer transmission of adjudication batch	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the wire fraud and aiding and abetting counts against Robert Moy. Please proceed to the mail fraud counts against Robert Moy below.

Mail Fraud and Aiding and Abetting Counts as to Robert Moy

COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND ROBERT MOY
62	Ticket #43 (A. Tseng) V01868613	6/18/10	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
63	Ticket #44 (G. Li) X03644955	3/15/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
64	Ticket #45 (O. Siam) V00604844	5/3/10	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty

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COUNT	TICKET NO. and CITATION NO.	DATE	MAILING	WE UNANIMOUSLY FIND ROBERT MOY
65	Ticket #46 (S. Cao) X05395782	7/6/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
66	Ticket #47 (J. Hu) X04743782	4/20/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
67	Ticket #49 (J. Jiang) X04885090	5/19/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty
68	Ticket #50 (J. Jiang) X04310180	8/4/11	Citation information mailed	Guilty Not Guilty

That concludes your deliberation of the counts against Robert Moy.

JURY FOREPERSON

Date: 1/23/2014

Unite	ED STATES	S DISTRICT (Court	
EASTERN	Distr	ict of	PENNSYLVANI	A
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA V.		JUDGMENT IN	A CRIMINAL CASE	
MICHAEL LOWRY		Case Number:	DPAE2:13CR000	0039-002
		USM Number:	68922-066	
			fano, Esq. & Terri A. Pav	welski, Esq.
THE DEFENDANT:		Defendant's Attorney		
☐ pleaded guilty to count(s)				
pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) which was accepted by the court.				
X was found guilty on count(s) 69 after a plea of not guilty.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offen	ses:			
Title & Section 18:1623 Nature of Offense Perjury	:		Offense Ended 10/25//2011	<u>Count</u> 69
The defendant is sentenced as provided in the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.				osed pursuant to
X The defendant has been found not guilty on co	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8, 22, 23, 27, 28 37 & 3		
Count(s)			tion of the United States.	
It is ordered that the defendant must notif or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, the defendant must notify the court and United St	fy the United States and special assessn ates attorney of ma	attorney for this district nents imposed by this jud terial changes in econor	t within 30 days of any change dgment are fully paid. If ordere mic circumstances.	of name, residence, ed to pay restitution,
	^	January 14, 2015 Date of Imposition of June 15 Signature of Judge	idgment	
		Name and Title of Jud		

245C /	(Rev. 06/05) An Sheet 2 — Impr	nended Judgment in Criminal Case isongent 2:13-cr-00039-RK	Document 508 Filed 01/29/15 Page 2 of 6
	DANT: IUMBER:	MICHAEL LOWRY DPAE2:13CR000039-002	Judgment — Page 2 of 6
			IMPRISONMENT
al term		ant is hereby committed to the cu	ustody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a
mont	hs as to coun	t 69.	
X		akes the following recommenda ecommends that the defendant b	tions to the Bureau of Prisons: e placed in an institution as close to Philadelphia, PA as possible.
	The defend	lant is remanded to the custoo	dy of the United States Marshal.
	The defend	lant shall surrender to the Un	ited States Marshal for this district:
		□ a.m.	
	□ as not	ified by the United States Ma	arshal.
X	The defend	lant shall surrender for service	ce of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:
	X by 2:0	00 p.m. on Monday, March 1	16, 2015 .
	☐ as noti	ified by the United States Marsh	al.
	as noti	ified by the Probation or Pretrial	Services Office.
			RETURN
ave ex	ecuted this jud	Igment as follows:	
	Defendant d	lelivered	to
			a certified copy of this judgment.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL

DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

AO 245C (Rev. 06/05) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case

Sheet 3 — Supervised Belgast 3-cr-00039-RK Document 508 Filed 01/29/15 Page 3 of 6

Judgment—Page 3 of 6

DEFENDANT:

MICHAEL LOWRY

CASE NUMBER: DPAE2:13CR00039-002

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be on supervised release for a term of :

One (1) year as to count 69.

The defendant must report to the probation office in the district to which the defendant is released within 72 hours of release from the custody of the Bureau of Prisons.

The defendant shall not commit another federal, state or local crime.

The defendant shall not unlawfully possess a controlled substance. The defendant shall refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. The defendant shall submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.

- X The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that the defendant poses a low risk of future substance abuse. (Check, if applicable.)
- X The defendant shall not possess a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or any other dangerous weapon. (Check, if
- X The defendant shall cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall register with the state sex offender registration agency in the state where the defendant resides, works, or is a student, as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall participate in an approved program for domestic violence. (Check, if applicable.)

If this judgment imposes a fine or restitution, it is a condition of supervised release that the defendant pay in accordance with the Schedule of Payments sheet of this judgment.

The defendant must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any additional conditions on the attached page.

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- 1) the defendant shall not leave the judicial district without the permission of the court or probation officer;
- 2) the defendant shall report to the probation officer and shall submit a truthful and complete written report within the first five days of each month;
- 3) the defendant shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer;
- 4) the defendant shall support his or her dependents and meet other family responsibilities;
- 5) the defendant shall work regularly at a lawful occupation, unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training, or other acceptable reasons;
- 6) the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least ten days prior to any change in residence or employment;
- 7) the defendant shall refrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute, or administer any controlled substance or any paraphernalia related to any controlled substances, except as prescribed by a physician;
- 8) the defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- 9) the defendant shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony, unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer;
- 10) the defendant shall permit a probation officer to visit him or her at any time at home or elsewhere and shall permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view of the probation officer;
- 11) the defendant shall notify the probation officer within seventy-two hours of being arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer;
- 12) the defendant shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or a special agent of a law enforcement agency without the permission of the court; and
- as directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record or personal history or characteristics and shall permit the probation officer to make such notifications and to confirm the defendant's compliance with such notification requirement.

AO 245C

(Rev. 06/05) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case

Sheet 3A - Smart ged Reference -00039-RK Document 508 Filed 01/29/15 Page 4 of 6

Judgment—Page 4 of 6

DEFENDANT: CASE NUMBER:

MICHAEL LOWRY DPAE2:13CR00039-002

ADDITIONAL SUPERVISED RELEASE TERMS

The defendant is excused from the mandatory drug testing provision; however, the defendant may be requested to submit to drug testing during the period of supervision if the probation officer determines a risk of substance abuse.

The defendant shall contribute 100 hours of community services work as directed by the probation office.

The Court finds that the defendant does not have the ability to pay a fine. The Court will waive the fine in this case.

The defendant shall pay to the United States a total special assessment of \$100.00; the entire amount shall be due by the end of the defendant's term of supervision.

It is further ordered that the defendant shall notify the United States Attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of mailing address or residence that occurs while any portion of the special assessment remains unpaid.

AO 2	245C	(Rev. 06/05)Amended Sheet 5 — Criminal M	Judgment in a Criminal Case	Document 508	8 Filed 01/29/15	Page 5 of 6	
		NDANT: NUMBER:	MICHAEL LOWRY DPAE2:13CR00039-00		Judgme	ent — Page5 of	6
	ari.	1.6.1			Y PENALTIES		
	The	detendant must pay	the total criminal monetary p	penalties under the	schedule of payments on	Sheet 6.	
то	TALS	Assessn \$ 100.00		Fine \$ 0.00	\$	Restitution 0.00	
		determination of res such determination		An Amende	ed Judgment in a Crimi	nal Case (AO 245C) will be	e entered
	The	defendant must	make restitution (includ	ing community	restitution) to the fol	llowing payees in the am	ount
	If the special	e defendant mak cified otherwise 4(i), all nonfede	tes a partial payment, ead in the priority order or p ral victims must be paid	ch payee shall re ercentage paym before the Unit	eceive an approximat ent column below. I ed States is paid.	ely proportioned paymer However, pursuant to 18	nt, unless U.S.C. §
<u>Na</u>	me o	f Payee	Total Loss*	Res	stitution Ordered	Priority or Perce	entage
то	TALS	5	\$	0_ \$	0		
	Res	titution amount ord	ered pursuant to plea agreement	ent \$			
	fifte	The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on Sheet 6 may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g).					
	The	court determined t	hat the defendant does not ha	ve the ability to pa	y interest and it is ordere	d that:	
		the interest require	ement is waived for the	fine 🗆 rest	itution.		
		* Findings for the ton or after Septem			nodified as follows: rs 109A, 110, 110A, and 1	13A of Title 18 for offenses co	ommitted

AO 245 C	(Rev. 06/05) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case			
	Sheet 6 — Schedule of Payments - 00000 DV	D = = + F00	mil. I od loo le m	

DEFENDANT: MICHAEL LOWRY
CASE NUMBER: DPAE2:13CR000039-002

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Judgment - Page	6	of	6

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

Hav	ing a	ssessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties are due as follows:			
A		Lump sum payment of \$ due immediately, balance due			
		not later than in accordance C, D, E, or F below; or			
В		Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with C, D, or F below); or			
C		Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or			
D		Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or			
E		Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or			
F	X Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:				
		The defendant shall pay to the United States a total special assessment of \$100.00, which shall be due by the end of the defendant's term of supervision.			
		ne court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due apprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate I Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court. Indant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.			
	Joi	nt and Several			
	Deand	fendant and Co-Defendant Names and Case Numbers (including defendant number), Total Amount, Joint and I corresponding payee, if appropriate.			
	The	The defendant shall pay the cost of presecution.			
	The	The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):			
	The	The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:			
Pay: (5) 1	ments	s shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) fine principal, nterest, (6) community restitution, (7) penalties, and (8) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.			

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA COURT OF JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

IN RE:

Michael Lowry

Traffic Court Judge Philadelphia County 6 JD 2015

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I certify that this filing complies with the provisions of the *Case Records Public Access Policy of the Unified Judicial System of Pennsylvania* that require filing confidential information and documents differently than non-confidential information and documents.

Submitted by:

Judicial Conduct Board of Pennsylvania

Signature:

Name:

Francis J. Puskas II

Deputy Chief Counsel

Attorney No.:

76540

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA COURT OF JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

IN RE:

Michael Lowry Traffic Court Judge Philadelphia County

6 JD 2015

PROOF OF SERVICE

In compliance with Rule 122 of the Court of Judicial Discipline Rules of Procedure, on April 9, 2019, a copy of the Board's Brief was mailed to Michael Lowry at the following address:

Michael Lowry 6244 Erdrick Street Philadelphia, PA 19135

Respectfully submitted,

DATE: April 15, 2019

Francis J. Puskas II

Deputy Chief Counsel

Pa. Supreme Court ID No. 76540

Judicial Conduct Board

Pennsylvania Judicial Center

601 Commonwealth Avenue, Suite 3500

P.O. Box 62525

Harrisburg, PA 17106

(717) 234-7911